Sparton Model 10

SPARTON
SUPER
MODERN
Radio

Your Dealer
CENTRAL RADIO SERVICE
Tel. 23743.

The dollar, on demand, closed to-day at 1/8⅝.

The China Mail

EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

No. 28,175 HONG KONG, TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1932. PRICE $3.00 Per Month.

A tyre of unique construction built for those who prefer superlative quality -

Fort DUNLOP

The Tyre Incomparable

Library, Supreme Court
THE CENTRAL ENTERPRISE LTD.
Manager

OLYMPIC GAME.

BRITON ESTABLISHES WORLD RECORD

TISDALL WINS 400-METRES HURDLES

TOLAN TAKES 100-METRES

Los Angeles, To-day.

R. M. N. Tisdall, considered to be the world's greatest all-round athlete, yesterday won the Olympic 440 Yards Hurdles in 51-8/10 secs., thus establishing a new world's record. Last year's Cambridge President was opposed to such redoubtable runners as Lord Burghley, L. Facelli (Italy) and Beatty (U.S.A.), making his fine victory all the more meritorious.

Eddie Tolan, the American negro sprinter, won the 100-Metres in 10-3.10 secs. to equal Ralph Metcalfe's world record and to beat his own Olympic record of 10-4/10 secs. which he established in the heats. Tolan was opposed to such sprinters as Percy Williams (Canada) (holder), Ralph Metcalfe, Frank Wykoff and Emmet Toppino (U.S.A.), Goubert (South Africa) and E. L. Page (Britain).

Tisdall startled the athletic world when he carried Cambridge University to victory in the Inter-Varsity Meeting at Stamford Bridge last year. He won the Quarter Mile in 51 secs.; the 120 Yards Hurdles in 15½ secs.; the Long Jump at 23 ft. 0½ in.; and Putting the Weight at 40 ft. 8 ins. to break all records for the contest.

At the Irish National Championships in Dublin this year he broke the existing record for the 440 Yards Hurdles by returning a time of 54-1/5 secs.

Other Aspirants.

Eddie Tolan was beaten by Ralph Metcalfe in the finals of the U.S. Olympic Trials, when the latter returned a time of 10-6/10 secs. on the California track. Frank Wykoff, another American, equalled Paddock's and Tolan's world record of 10-4/10 secs. on the cinder track at Los Angeles during the U.S. Trials. Emmet Toppino ran the 100-Metres in 10-2/5 secs. on the Cambridge track, Massachusetts during the U.S. Trials on June 18, but his figures have not yet been recognised.

Williams and Jonath.

Percy Williams, the famous Canadian runner, won the 100-Metres in 10-6/10 secs. in the Canadian Trials and would have returned a much better time had he been harder pressed. Jonath, the German sprinter, clocked 10-4/10 secs. at Bochum during the Trials on June 5.

(Continued on Page 12)

CRICKET.

KENT BEATEN

Parker And Hammond Cause Upset.

MAURICE TATE TAKES 13 FOR 58.

Sussex Beat Middlesex For Ninth Win.

London, To-day.

Kent suffered their third defeat of the season yesterday when Gloucester won by the handsome margin of nine wickets—their third success of the season. Brilliant bowling by Charlie Parker and a magnificent century by "Wally" Hammond offered a serious set-back to the southern county's prospects of winning the championship.

Bowling unchanged throughout the innings Parker dismissed Kent shortly before lunch on Saturday for 163, his personal figures being 6 for 83. At the close of play on Saturday Gloucester had established a definite advantage mainly due to a magnificent century by Hammond, who has been selected to tour Australia this Winter. Undefeated ove night, Hammond did not last long yesterday, and was dismissed when 136. Thanks to his fine batting Gloucester secured a lead of 162 runs on the first innings.

Kent again collapsed in their second venture and Gloucester were set only 36 runs for victory.

Sussex again showed definite designs on the championship when they recorded their ninth victory of the season by defeating Middlesex by an innings and 37 runs at Hove. Maurice Tate, who has not yet been invited to tour Australia, showed that he was still a force to be reckoned with by taking 13 wickets for 58 runs. It is now thought that he will walk into the side as the result of this feat against Middlesex.

At the tea interval on Saturday Middlesex had been dismissed by Tate for 140; Tate returning the brilliant figures of 7 for 28; and Sussex were only 11 runs in arrears with all their wickets in hand. Eventually the home county gained a lead of 135 runs. Tate, who is striving hard to regain his place in the England XI., was again in irresistible form when Middlesex commenced their second innings, and, taking 6 wickets for 30 runs, was responsible for the dismissal of the metropolitan side for 98.—Reuter.

(Table on Page 4.)

WAR NOW SEEMS INEVITABLE.

Offer Of Mediation Refused.

PARAGUAY MOBILISES.

Fighting Continues Along Frontier.

Charges Laid Before League Of Nations.

Washington, To-day.

The outbreak of a serious war in South America, involving Paraguay and Bolivia, seems inevitable with the rejection of the offer of mediation by three neutral powers.

Argentine, Brazil and Chile approached the antagonistic countries with a suggestion of mediation, but Bolivia has declined the offer.

Paraguay Mobilises.

Asuncion, To-day.

The Paraguayan Parliament has approved the President's request for immediate and complete mobilisation.

Paraguay has cabled charges to the League of Nations that Bolivia, by acts of warfare along the border, has violated Articles 10 and 11 of the League Covenant.

Fighting is continuing along the frontiers, but is confined to skirmishes and minor brushes

(Continued on Page 12.)

GERMANY'S UNREST SUBSIDES.

Koenigsberg Riots Are Checked.

CALM AFTER STORM.

GOVERNMENT POLICY NOT DECIDED.

HOPE FOR REAL WORKING MAJORITY.

Berlin, To-day.

With every indication that a Government of pre-war conceptions is to continue to rule, the city and Rhineland magically returned to a normal atmosphere, though the necessity of Herr Bracht's warning was exemplified at Koenigsberg where outrages were so serious that reinforced police are patrolling the street in armoured cars to prevent further Nazi-Communist clashes.

Speculation is rife as to what will transpire on August 30 when the new Reichstag is convoked. The best informed quarters believe the government hopes to secure a working majority with its programme not too circumscribed by party considerations but at present it is waiting for election fever to subside before devising any plan based on the lines of Chancellor Von Papen's pre-election manifesto.

(Continued on Page 6.)

GENERAL TSAI'S COUP IN FUKIEN

DROVE BANDITS OUT WITH GOVERNOR

PLANS FOR AIR FORCE ORGANISATION

General Tsai Ting-kai, a national hero in China since the Shanghai fighting, has appeared as a political saviour in Fukien, driven the bandits, who infested the region, into remote parts, unseated an unpopular Governor and lifted the burden of the taxes under which the province suffered.

The rapid changes in the internal affairs of Fukien were carried out without great difficulty. Now, the authorities are planning to form their Air Force for National Defence, with $500,000 in hand with which to purchase 11 fighting planes.

Mr. Wong Tse-king, one of the representatives of the Philippines Overseas Chinese Association, recently returned to Hong Kong from Fukien, was interviewed by the *China Mail* to-day. He accompanied General Tsai Ting-kai into the province and observed the coup which the commander of the 19th Route Army accomplished. Mr. Wong's purpose in visiting Fukien was to assist in the organisation of the Air Force.

The people of Fukien, said Mr. Wong, disliked Governor Fong Sing-to because of the taxation which he introduced. They were gratified by the action which General Tsai had taken.

"Fukien suffered terribly from bandits," Mr. Wong stated. "And now these lawless bands have fled from the approaching 19th Route Army. Fukien has returned to normal days. General Tsai abolished more than ten of the taxes which were ordered by Governor Fong, dismissed Governor Fong and asked the Central Government to name a successor. General Chan Ming-shu has already been appointed. I believe General Chan will accept the post.

"The idea of organising the Air Force in Fukien, instigated by the Overseas Chinese, is for the defence of China against foreign invasion. That is the primary object. Since the 19th Route Army has gone into Fukien, we have laid plans for this defence force, and as soon as the approval of the Central Government is obtained, we will proceed," he proceeded.

"We have not yet bought the machines, but the money is ready. We intend to buy 11 fighting planes, and for that purpose there is $500,000 in the hands of the Overseas Chinese Aeroplane Preparatory Department. The Air Force will assist in Communist and bandit suppression.

"General Chang Wai-cheung is ready to go to Fukien and assist in the organisation of the Air Force if the force is to be used in national defence and bandit suppression only," Mr. Wong pointed out.

SOUTH CHINA ONLY DRAW.

SAMARANG EUROPEANS STAGE GOOD RECOVERY.

ROBUST METHODS.

(Special to China Mail.)

Samarang, To-day.

The South China touring football eleven received a check here yesterday when they were held to a draw by the Samarang European XI, both sides scoring three times.

Crossing over at half time a goal in arrears the Chinese combined beautifully in the second half to score three goals in quick succession through Cheng Kwai-leung, Lee Wai-tong and Lee Yee-sun. In the latter stages, however, the robust methods of the European side began to tell on the Chinese, and their goalkeeper was unable to save the two shots which beat him and made a draw of the game.

South China have now lost one and drawn one of their ten matches whilst on tour in Java. The following are the full results and goal-scoring list:

v. Combined Saigon	6—1
v. Sadec	6—0
v. A. Combined XI.	4—1
v. Bandoeng	3—0
v. Bandoeng	2—3
v. Samarang	4—3
v. Middle Java	8—1
v. Djocja Selected	4—2
v. Samarang	5—3
v. Samarang Europeans	3—3
	45—17

Goal-Scorers:—

Lee Wai-tong heads the goal-scoring list with 14 goals to his credit, while Lee Yee-sun (12), Chu Kwok-luen (5), Wong Ka-leung (4), Ip Pak-wah (6), Wong Mei-shun (2), Cheng Kwai-leung and Lee Kwai-sheung added the remaining 31 goals.

EUROPEAN DRIVER CONVICTED.

DANGEROUS DRIVING CHARGED.

A RACING "PILOT"?

MR. L. H. MOORMAN DECLINES TO ANSWER QUESTION.

Holding that the defendant had driven dangerously, in that he did not observe a sufficiently wide margin of safety when crossing Shaukiwan Road, Mr. Schofield in the Central Police Court this morning, convicted Mr. L. H. Moorman, Manager of D. Gestetner (Eastern) Ltd., and imposed a fine of $25. To-day was the fourth day of the hearing.

Mr. Moorman entered the witness-stand in his own defence. He stated that his speed was 20 miles an hour when crossing Shaukiwan Road and not 85 miles an hour, as stated in evidence by Traffic Sergeant B. G. Baker. He had a clear view to the west of Shaukiwan Road for three seconds.

Sergeant Baker suggested that the defendant was an expert driver, and was believed to have driven at Brooklands.

When questioned by His Worship, Mr. Moorman replied:—"Well, Your Worship, with the reporters here in Court, I do not care to answer the question . . ."

Inspector Alexander—Only expert drivers drive at Brooklands. No novices are allowed on the course.

Defendant agreed with His Worship, that he (defendant) had had more than the usual experience in driving.

On a suggestion by Sergeant Baker, His Worship asked the defendant if his usual speed of driving was 20 miles an hour.

Defendant—No, your Worship. My usual speed I would estimate at 30 to 35 miles per hour, excepting in controlled areas.

(Continued on Page 12.)

SOUTH CHINA LODGE FORMAL PROTEST.

FOOTBALL DISPUTE.

The following is the text of a letter which has been addressed to the Hong Kong Football Association by the South China Athletic Association, in relation to the football dispute. It is dated July 30:

Sir,—We are in receipt of your letter of the 22nd July, enclosing a list of the names of the persons present at the Annual General Meeting of the H.K.F.A. on the 8th July.

In the list there are 28 Club Representatives, 11 Councillors and 4 Officers, making a total of 43.

As there were 43 votes cast at the Annual General Meeting held on 8th July, and there were only 28 representatives present the excess votes could only be accounted for by the fact that persons not entitled to vote under the Association Rules had voted.

I am instructed by the Committee to lodge a formal protest that the voting at the last Annual General Meeting was irregular on account of

(Continued on Page 7.)

AIR MAIL SERVICE QUESTIONS.

Mr. Shenton To Ask For Government's Policy.

CONNECTING SAIGON, CANTON AND SHANGHAI.

Previous Experiment

Questions regarding the Government's policy in reference to an air mail service between Hong Kong and French Indo-China, Canton, and Shanghai, will be put forward by Mr. W. E. L. Shenton at Thursday's meeting of the Legislative Council.

He will also ask whether the French Government and the Chinese Government are prepared to co-operate in such enterprises, and if so, on what terms, and whether the Government is prepared to financially assist private enterprise in any or all of the air lines mentioned.

It will be recalled that an experimental air mail despatched from here on June 7 by the French Mail liner s.s. Athos, reached London in 14 days. The route taken in that instance was by sea to Saigon, and from there to Marseilles by air, from where it was taken to Paris to be flown to London by the Imperial Airways Service machine.

The mail arrived in London on June 21, thus effecting a saving on the Siberian route, of about one week.

The cost of this service, which is now open to the public is $1.35 per ½ ounce.

INSPECTOR GRANT RETURNS.

Spent Vacation At Coast Ports.

Chief Inspector P. Grant returned on the *s.s. Tai Hing* on Sunday, after a six weeks' vacation in the China Coastal ports. He visited Sum Sui, Canton, Swatow, Macao and Kwongsi province. While in the latter place, he had tea with the Vice-Chancellor of the Kwongsi University, Mr. Poon.

"It was quite a pleasant surprise to me, when I came back, to see Tytam Reservoir overflowing," smilingly remarked Mr. Grant to a *China Mail* reporter.

Mr. Grant hopes to have his leave extended for a further fortnight, and contemplates a trip to Kwong Chau Wan.

WATER SUPPLY DISCUSSION.

GOVERNMENT PROPOSE UNIVERSAL METERAGE.

$9,200,000 FOR SHING MUN SCHEME.

RIDER MAIN QUESTIONS.

Arising out of Mr. Chan Limpak's move to eliminate the hardships experienced by the Chinese in getting supplies of water, by resuming the rider main system, the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D., will ask questions on the subject at the meeting of the Legislative Council this week.

He will ask the following:—

"With reference to the questions which I put in this Council on May 19, 1932, and the Hon. Colonial Secretary's reply thereto, and in view of the water situation having greatly improved since that date, will the Government state whether it is prepared immediately to re-introduce a direct supply of water to the unmetered houses in the rider-main districts for, say, 8 hours a day with, if necessary, a corresponding decrease in the hours of supply to the metered houses and the street-fountains, so as to permit of a fairer distribution among all classes of the population, and to reduce the risk of a spread of cholera-infection through contamination of water-receptacles exposed in the streets, and through water being drawn from possibly contaminated sources such as nullahs and streams."

In view of the Government's intention to introduce universal meterage as soon as possible, he will also ask whether it will lay on the table at an early date, a statement giving the history of the rider-main system, the number of meters applied for but not yet installed, both in rider-main and other districts, whether there is an adequate supply of meters in the Colony to meet with all demands, and how long the installation scheme will take, due regard being given to the possibility of installing a meter on each floor of every tenement house.

(Continued on Page 6.)

SPECIAL JURY TO BE SUMMONED.

Fung Murder Trial Starts On Monday.

LENGTHY PRELIMINARY HEARING.

It is understood that a Special Jury will be empanelled at the Criminal Sessions on Monday, to hear the charge against Cheng Kwok-yau, (20), the son of a wealthy F.M.S. family, of procuring murder.

The Judge will be Sir Joseph Kemp, K.C., C.B.E., Chief Justice. The Crown will be represented by Mr. H. G. Sheldon and Mr. R. E. Lindsell (Assistant Attorney General) while the defence is in the hands of Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., together with Mr. F. C. Jenkin, K.C., and Mr. R. C. H. Lim, instructed by G. K. Hall Brutton & Co.

The preliminary trial of Cheng at the Central Police Court before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones, is the longest in the history of the Court. It occupied 25 full sittings. Mr. Lindsell appeared for the Crown while Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton defended.

MA STILL ALIVE.

DIRECTS ANTI-JAPANESE OPERATIONS.

RUMOURS DENIED.

Nanking, To-day.

The Japanese reports of General Ma Chan-shan's death are officially denied.

It is stated that wireless messages received here from General Ma state that he is directing the operations of his troops against the Japanese.—Reuter.

DISTURBED THIEVES LEAVE LOOT.

Attempt To Carry Off Safe.

DROPPED IN FIELD.

$2,000 In Dairy Farm Strong Box.

Apparently disturbed while in the act of stealing a safe, which contained approximately $2,000, from the Pokfulam farm office of the Dairy Farm Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd., thieves abandoned their attempt and took flight in the early hours of this morning.

The iron safe, with the money intact, was later found in the field about 200 yards distant from the office.

Mr. A. Stevenson, Manager of the Dairy Farm Company, in his report to the Police, stated that the thief or thieves gained entrance to the office by cutting through an iron bar fixed to the window.

DANGER OF FRESH LANDSLIDES.

PRINCE EDWARD ROAD PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Mr. J. Haussler, residing at 237 Prince Edward Road, reported to the Police that during the week-end's heavy rains, a landslide occurred at the rear of his house, the falling earth and rock damaging his fencing and back door.

Mr. Haussler added in his report that there are dangers of further slides, in the event of another downpour.

BANKS

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up $20,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling ..... £ 8,500,000
Silver $10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson, Chairman.
T. E. Pearce, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell, A. H. Compton, Esq., E. T. Johnson, Esq., S. Miskin, Esq., J. A. Plummer Esq., T. H. B. Shaw, Esq., J. P. Warren, Esq.
V. M. Grayburn, Esq. Chief Manager.

BRANCHES:—

AMOY	LONDON
BANGKOK	LYONS
BATAVIA	MALACCA
BOMBAY	MANILA
CALCUTTA	MUAR (Johore)
CANTON	MURDEN
CHEFOO	NEW YORK
COLOMBO	PEIPING
DAIREN	PENANG
FOOCHOW	RANGOON
HAIPHONG	SAIGON
HAMBURG	SAN FRANCISCO
HANKOW	SHANGHAI
HARBIN	SINGAPORE
HONGKEW	SOURABYA
ILOILO	SUNGEI PATANI
IPOH	TIENTSIN
JOHORE	TOKYO
KOBE	TSINGTAO
KOWLOON	YOKOHAMA
KUALA LUMPUR	

Current Accounts opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods in Local Company and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.

Hong Kong, 5th April, 1932.

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

The Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
V. M. GRAYBURN, Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 27th February, 1932.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Established 1912.

Head Office:—Hong Kong.

Authorised Capital (H.K. Currency) ... $11,000,000
Paid-Up Capital ... 5,055,000
Reserve Fund ... 1,100,000

BRANCHES:—
Canton, Shanghai, Hankow, Swatow, Bangkok, New York and San Francisco.
LONDON BANKERS:—
The Lloyd's Bank, Limited.

CORRESPONDENTS
In all principal cities of the World.

Foreign Exchange and banking business of every description transacted.
Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a yearly rental of from $5 to $60.

LOOK POONG SHAN, Chief Manager.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

中國銀行

Reorganised October 26, 1928, under special charter of The National Government as an

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

Subscribed Capital ... $25,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital ... $24,710,200.00
Reserve Funds ... $ 3,820,503.82

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.

HONG KONG BRANCH:
4, Queen's Road Central.

Owing to our numerous branches in China and large connections in the important commercial centres of the world, we are able to extend to our clients special facilities for domestic and foreign banking and exchanges.

We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds of the Chinese Government both at home and abroad.

SHOU J. CHEN, Manager.

Hong Kong, 5th March, 1931.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1886.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ... Yen 117,300,000

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at:

Alexandria	Nagasaki
Batavia	Nagoya
Berlin	Newchwang
Bombay	New York
Calcutta	Osaka
Canton	Paris
Changchun (Hsinking)	Peiping
Dairen (Dalny)	Rangoon
Fengtien (Mukden)	Rio de Janeiro
Hamburg	San Francisco
Hankow	Seattle
Harbin	Semarang
Hong Kong	Shanghai
Honolulu	Shimonoseki
Kai-Yuen	Singapore
Karachi	Soerabaya
Kobe	Sydney
London	Tientsin
Los Angeles	Tokyo
Madrid	Tsingtao

Interest allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.

Hong Kong, 11th March, 1932.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ... $3,000,000
Reserve Fund ... $3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $3,000,000

Agencies and Branches:

ALOR STAR	KUCHING
AMRITSAR	MADRAS
BANGKOK	MANILA
BATAVIA	MEDAN
BOMBAY	NEW YORK
CALCUTTA	PEIPING (Peking)
CANTON	PENANG
CAWNPORE	RANGOON
CEBU	SAIGON
COLOMBO	SEMARANG
DELHI	SERMBAN
HAIPHONG	SHANGHAI
HAMBURG	SINGAPORE
HANKOW	SITIAWAN
HARBIN	SOURABAYA
HONG KONG	TAIPING
ILOILO	TIENTSIN
IPOH	TONGKAH (Bhuket)
KARACHI	TSINGTAO
KLANG	YOKOHAMA
KOBE	ZAMBOANGA
KUALA LUMPUR	

Foreign Exchange and General Banking business transacted.

Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.

Hong Kong, 8th July, 1932.

THE NATIONAL COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Cheques Cashed in 15 minutes while you wait.
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
We offer good rates of interest.
TOTAL RESOURCES
$19,000,000
EFFICIENT—TRUSTWORTHY—RELIABLE—COURTEOUS.

144-150, Des Voeux Rd. C.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPIJ, N.V.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)

BANKERS.

Established 1824.

Hong Kong Office:—11, Queen's Road Central.

Authorized Capital ... f. 150,000,000
Paid-Up Capital ... f. 80,030,000
Reserves ... f. 20,015,000

Head Office:—AMSTERDAM*.
Eastern Head Office:—BATAVIA.

Branches:—Bandjermasin, Bandoeng*, Bombay, Calcutta, Cheribon, Djember, Djokjakarta*, The Hague*, Jiddah, Kobe, Makasser, Medan, Palembang, Pekalongan, Penang, Rangoon, Rotterdam*, Semarang*, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaia, Soerakarta (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap and Weltevreden*.

* These offices have Safe Deposit Boxes to Let.

LONDON BANKERS:—
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LTD.

Correspondents all over the world. Banking Business of every description transacted.

A. STOKKINK, Manager.

Hong Kong, 21st June, 1932.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.

Head Office:—65, Broadway, New York.

Capital ... U.S.$5,000,000.00
Surplus ... U.S.$1,832,832.04
Reserves ... U.S.$1,458,116.73

BRANCHES:—

Amsterdam	Genoa	Nice
Antwerp	Glasgow	Naples
Athens	Havana	Piraeus
Basle	Hamburg	Paris
Berlin	Havre	Penang
Biarritz	Interlaken	Peking
Bombay	Jerusalem	Palermo
Bremen	Lido	Rotterdam
Brussels	London	Rome
Buenos Aires	Liverpool	Stamboul
Cairo	Lucerne	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lugano	Southampton
Canton	Luxor	Singapore
Colombo	Marseilles	St. Moritz
Constantinople	Monte Carlo	Tientsin
Copenhagen	Manila	Vienna
Edinburgh	Munich	Venice
Florence	Montreux	Yokohama
Geneva	Milan	Zurich

Branches of American Express Company in Principal cities of United States of America and Canada.

All classes of Commercial Banking Transactions undertaken.

Personal investment accounts handled.

The Company offers to intending Travellers the use of its "Travellers Cheques" and Letters of Credit and, in addition, the world-wide services of its thoroughly equipped Travel Department.

E. W. DUGGAN, Manager.

THE HO HONG BANK, LTD.

(Established 1917.)

HEAD OFFICE:—SINGAPORE.
LOCAL BRANCH:—
13, Queen's Road Central

Authorised Capital Straits $20,000,000
Issued Capital ... " 8,000,000
Paid-up Capital ... " 4,000,000
Reserve Liabilities of Shareholders ... " 4,000,000
BRANCHES and AGENCIES in the principal cities of the world.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

KO LEONG HOE, Managing Director.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

HEAD OFFICE: 55, Wall Street, NEW YORK.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits U.S.$225,503,775.00

Branches in:—

ARGENTINE	LONDON
BELGIUM	MEXICO
BRAZIL	PANAMA
CHILE	PERU
CHINA	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
COLUMBIA	PORTO RICO
CUBA	STRAITS SETTLEMENTS
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	URUGUAY
INDIA	VENEZUELA
ITALY	
JAPAN	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credits, Travellers' Cheques, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

We are also able to offer our Customers the services of the Branches of the International Banking Corporation in Spain and also of The National City Bank of New York (France), S.A., in Paris and Nice.

R. M. MCLAY, Manager.

Hong Kong, May 13, 1932.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

(TAIWAN GINKO.)

HEAD OFFICE:—Taipeh, Formosa.

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1899.

Central Bank in Formosa.
Bank-Notes issued Average amount ... Yen. 45,000,000
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
JAPAN:—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka.
FORMOSA:—Giran, Kagi, Karenko, Kaelung, Makong, Nanto, Shinchiku, Taichu, Tainan, Takao, Tamsui, Toen, Heito, Taito.
CHINA:—Shanghai, Hankow, Amoy, Foochow, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS:—Hong Kong, Singapore, Soerabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York, Dairen.
LONDON BANKERS:
Barclays Bank, Ltd., Lloyds Bank, Ltd. Midland Bank, Ltd., Westminster Bank, Ltd.

The Bank has Correspondents in all the principal Commercial Centres throughout the world.

K. NAGURA, Manager.

HONG KONG BRANCH:
3, Des Voeux Road Central.
Hong Kong, December 24, 1931.

THE NEW OPEL
Product of General Motors

THE NEW OPEL
For Economical Motoring

THE NEW OPEL
For Minimum Cost

THE NEW OPEL
For Maximum Mileage

THE NEW OPEL
4' — — 6's
Tel. 3-0-2-2-8.

THE NEW OPEL
The Dragon Motor Car Co., Ltd.

AN INTRODUCTORY HISTORY

by
A. H. CROOK, O.B.E., M.A.
W. KAY, M.A.
W. L. HANDYSIDE, M.A., B.Sc.

PRICE $1.00

NOW ON SALE AT THE PUBLISHERS:
The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd.
China Mail Offices.

INDIA'S PLACE IN WORLD TRADE.

Mr. H. A. F. Lindsay's Review.

STRONG POSITION.

London, July 18.

The strong position of India in relation to the world's trade was stressed by Mr. H. A. F. Lindsay, Indian Trade Commissioner in London since 1923, in a paper read before the East India Association, Sir Walter Wilson, who represented British commercial interests in the Indian Legislative Assembly for some years' presided.

The place of a country in the hierarchy of trade depended, Mr. Lindsay said, partly on the capacity of other countries to absorb its goods, partly on its independence and its capacity to meet its own most vital requirements. From both points of view India was in a strong position. Besides jute—an absolute monopoly, which was commercially grown nowhere else in the world and for which no general substitute had yet been found—India produced a number of commodities in greater abundance and more suitably than other countries. Shellac, goat skins, talk and mica were only a few examples of products which are all essential to many industries of the Western world, but are not widely produced in the West.

On the other hand, India was independent of foreign supplies of food grains such as rice and wheat. She was both an exporter and an importer of fruits, vegetables and spices. Although at present largely dependent on Java for sugar, she would "probably, sooner or later, under the new sugar tariff, grow sufficient for all her requirements.

India's Primary Needs.

Whereas before the war India imported annually about 3,000 million yards of cloth and produced 2,000 million yards for herself—half in her own mills and half by hand looms—she now imported less than 1,000 million yards and produced 3,000 million in her own mills and upwards of 2,000 million by hand looms. So far as raw cotton was concerned, India grew more than enough for her own needs. She was self-sufficient (and more) in coal and metallic ores, in oil-seeds, hides and skins, wool, rubber and timber.

India's chief requirements from abroad, in short, were in the more finished classes of manufactured goods, such as machinery, hardware, iron and steel manufactures, dyes and certain chemicals, motor-cars, railway vehicles, and railway and mill stores generally. She was short of mineral oils and must import kerosene, fuel and lubricating oils to supplement her own production.

Striking A Balance.

"We are now in a position," Mr. Lindsay proceeded, "to strike some sort of balance. It really comes to this, that India is mainly dependent on the West for highly finished goods necessary to her own transport or industrial requirements in their most advanced form. For the absolute necessities of food and clothing and structural materials of the simplest classes, whether cement, iron, or timber, she is either self-sufficient or well on the road to that state.

"On the other hand, the West is largely dependent on India for a number of materials which it does not produce in sufficient quantities for its own needs. Indeed, it is a striking feature of this trade picture how little India's exports compete with the native production of Western countries.

"In one other respect, too, India has an advantage over her rivals in the southern hemisphere, that none of her staple exports consists of perishables requiring expensive methods of transport."

Another aspect of India's trade which had a world bearing was the lag which existed between the prices of wholesale and retail goods. There was no doubt that ultimately these and other inconsistencies would adjust themselves in India as elsewhere, but we could not longer hope to recover stability by the old instinctive economic methods.

FRENCH TRADE IN PERIL.

Industry's Cry Of Distress.

LUXURY TRADES.

Paris, July 15.

A "cry of distress" has been addressed to M. Herriot by the great exporting interests of France.

Sales abroad, they say, have become practically impossible. When they can sell, the prohibitions on export of currency in various countries prevent their being paid.

French industry, it is declared, is in "deadly peril." The remarkable activity which brought prosperity to French ports and shipping and made of Paris 'the universal city of art and luxury," is extinguished.

There is no exaggeration in the picture drawn, the important body responsible for this statement declares, and it adds that the "power of France's export trade is exhausted." If these industries are not to be ruined they suggest that the Government should do two things.

First, France should condemn officially "the exaggerated and abnormal constraints which profoundly disturb international exchanges."

Secondly, France, on a basis of reciprocity, should try to bring about a slackening of customs restrictions.

Quotas Condemned.

Quotas, permissible as a transitional measure, ought merely to be paving the way to commercial agreements with foreign countries. Negotiations with a view to revising treaties of commerce between France and other States should be entered upon at once.

The state of the so-called luxury trades in Paris is, according to a statement made by M. Barclay, the chairman of the federation of the various interests concerned, much graver than appears or is believed and there will be a collapse if a remedy for the present condition is not found.

M. Barclay declares that jewellers' workshops which would normally employ sixty have reduced their staff to two or have shut up altogether. Among the remedies proposed is the suppression of the existing luxury taxes, and above all a return to the normal practice of the granting of credits to industry by the banks.

French Firms in Britain.

One of the effects of the British Customs duties on textile goods has been to cause certain textile firms in the North Department to manufacture in England.

The woollen spinning firm of Motte and Porisse, established at Fourmies, near Roubaix, is now sending a good deal of its machinery to Mossley, in Lancashire. Other machinery has been—sent from the mills of Alfred Motte, at Roubaix.

The idea is that the French spinners should manufacture in Lancashire goods which they cannot export to England owing to the new tariffs. Furthermore they hope in this way to employ machinery which since the falling off in their export trade has remained almost idle.

The position of the textile manufacturing district of the Nord Department may be indicated by the fact that Roubaix and Tourcoing used to export to England 8,000,000 kilogrammes of woollen yarns per year. Last year this district sent only 100,000 kilogrammes.

TRADE UNION FISCAL POLICY.

State Import Boards Deprecated.

CO-OPERATION ESSENTIAL.

London, July 16.

The General Council of the Trades Union Congress, at a meeting in London recently, had under consideration a report of the Economic Committee on fiscal policy. The General Council, in adopting the report, has, it is understood, taken a notable step towards a new definition of Trade Union policy in regard to freedom of trade and industrial planning.

On the new tariff policy Britain has adopted, the report declines to express an opinion as regards the probable effects on the country's trade. It is stated that the change is too recent and world conditions are too chaotic to make a prophecy that has any value, but there is no reason to suppose the results will be any different from those experienced in other countries.

The final statement urges that the regulation of foreign trade may justifiably be part of the national and international economic planning that is desired. "It must be considered in relation to the regulation of other parts of the economic system, and every case must be judged on its merits. Social and political factors must be taken into account as well as purely economic effects."

The method of regulation employed in any particular case must, it is asserted, depend on the circumstances, but the licensing system and State Import Boards within the present system are deprecated. Finally, the view is expressed that only by the fullest international co-operation can world recovery and prosperity be assured. Failing this, the collapse not only of the industrial system but of civilisation itself is a very real possibility.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE

Opening Daily Official Quotations, August 2, 1932.

Next Settlement Day, Tuesday, August 30th, 1932.

STOCK	Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nom.	Fin. year	Last dividend and when paid	
Banks							
Hong Kong Bank ... $	163½	...	1620	1630	Dec.	Final $3 at 1/6=$1.71 } making $6 for 1931	Feb. 22, 32
" (Lon. Reg.) ... £	...	...	...	115			
Chartered Bank ... £	...	...	...	12½	Dec.	Fin. 7/- bns. to 1/Tax a/c 1931	Mar. —, 32
Mercantile Bk., A&B. £	...	...	...	21	Dec.	Final 5% less 1/Tax making 13% for 1931	Mar —, 32
" C. £	...	...	...	9½			
Bank of East Asia ... $	...	...	...	112	Dec.	$6 for 1931	Mar. 21, 32
Amer. O. Fin. Corp. M$	...	...	...	25	Dec.	...	...
Ch. Fin. Cor. Ord. Tls.	...	...	...	6		...	...
" Pref. ... Tls.	...	...	...	4.50		...	...
Insurances							
Canton Ins. ... $	1325	...	...	...	Dec.	Fin. $23 bon. $6 (for 1930) Interim $18 a/c 1931 } =$56	May 19, 32
Union Ins. ... $	482½	...	485	...	Dec.	Final 15/- for 1930 Interim 9d. a/c 1931 } =$2	May 27, 32
China Underwriters ... $	...	...	...	8.15	Dec.	None	...
China Fire Ins. ... $	610	...	...	...	Dec.	Final $9 bonus $6 and $7 for 1930 Interim $3 a/c 1931 } =$25	May 27, 32
H. K. Fire Ins. ... $	...	...	...	1195	Dec.	$60 and bonus $5 making $65 for 1930	Mar. 30, 32
International Assce. Tls.	...	...	...	4	Dec.	...	...
Shipping							
Douglass ... $	...	...	...	26	Dec.	Last dividend for 1924	...
H. K. Steamboats ... $	21½	...	...	...	Dec.	Last dividend for 1929	...
Indo-China (Pref.) ... $	...	...	...	45	Dec.	12½ an. 2/½ on preferred for 1924 and 1925	June 19, 29
" (Def.) ... $	...	...	...	93		Last dividend for 1923	...
Shells Bearer ... s/	...	...	...	1/10½	Dec.	1/6 Coupon No. 59 free 1/Tax for 1931	July 6, 32
Union Waterboats ... $	20	...	...	...	Dec.	50 cents for 1931	Mar. 30, 32
Mining							
Benguets ... $	...	...	...	18½	Dec.	Second Int. 25 centavos a/c 1932	June 30, 32
Kaiser Mining Ad. s/-	...	...	...	23/-	June	12½ % free 1/Tax (Upon 40 for year 30-6-32)	May —, 32
Langkat (Single) ... Tls.	...	...	...	4	Oct.	T. 0.50 for year 31-12-32	May 8, 32
S'hai Exploration ... Tls.	...	...	...	2.10	Dec.	None	...
" Loans ... Tls.	...	...	...	2	Dec.	Final T. 0.45 making T. 0.60 } for 1930	Feb. 6, 31
Raubs ... $	38½	...	...	...	Mar.	Final 1/- year 31-3-32 Int. 2/- a/c year 31-3-33	June 8, 32
Venezuela Gold Fields $	...	...	...	1½	Dec.	...	...
Benguet Explorations $	...	...	...	81cts.	...	...	...
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.							
H. K. & K. Wharves ... $	140½	...	139/140	140½	Dec.	$3 for 1931	Mar. 16, 32
H. K. & W. Docks ... $	18½	...	...	...	Dec.	Last dividend for 1924	...
South Ch. Motors (A) $	...	...	...	10	Dec.	...	...
" ("B") $	...	...	...	8		...	...
China Providents (old) $	4½	5	...	...	Dec.	18 cents on old 3 cents on new } for 1931	Mar. 24, 32
" (new) $	...	...	...	2.30			
Hongkews ... Tls.	...	...	...	218	Dec.	Fin. T. 11 making T. 14 for 1931	May 12, 32
N. Engineerings ... Tls.	...	...	...	6	Dec.	T. 0.35 for 1931	Mar 8, 32
Shanghai Docks ... Tls.	...	...	x.div.	71	Apr.	T. 5 for year 30-4-31	July 29, 31
Lands, Hotels & Buildings.							
H.K. & S. Hls. (old) $	10.30	10.60	...	...			
" (New) $	...	...	...	10	Dec.	60 cts. (old) 30 cts. (new) for 1931	Mar. 15, 31
H.K. Lands ... $	77½	...	...	...	Dec.	Final $3 making $4 for 1931	Feb. 15, 32
Shanghai Lands ... Tls.	...	...	...	25½	Dec.	Final T/- 0.80 bonus T/- 0.20 and T/- 0.75 for 1931	Apr. 8, 32
Metropolitan Lands Tls.	...	...	...	10	Sep.	T. 1 year 30-9-31	Oct. 25, 31
Humphreys ... $	16	...	...	...	Dec.	$1.20 on old $80 cents on new } for 1931	Feb. 29, 32
H. K. Realties ... $	10.35	...	...	...	Dec.	Fin. 30 cts. mak. 60 cts. for 1931	Mar. 3, 32
Asia Realties "A" ... M$	...	...	...	156	Dec.	...	...
" "B" ... M$	...	...	...	28½		...	...
Chinese Estates ... $	...	...	x.div.	95	Feb.	Interim $3 a/c year 29-2-32	Jan. 30, 32
China Realties ... Tls.	...	...	...	11.40	...	...	...
China Debentures ... Tls.	...	...	...	96½	...	...	...
Cotton Mills							
Ewo Cottons ... Tls	...	...	...	13½	Dec.	T. 1.80 for 1931	Apr. 29, 32
Shanghai Cotton ... Tls.	...	...	...	70	Apr. and Oct.	T. 2-50 for half year 30-4-32	May 31, 32
Zoong Sings ... Tls.				10.50	June	T. 0-80 for year 30-6-31	Oct. 8, 31
Wing On Textile S'hai $	...	...	...	145	...	...	...
Public Utilities							
H. K. Tramways ... $	28	...	28	...	Dec.	Final 50 cts. making $1 for 1931	Feb. 17, 32
Peak Trams (old) ... $	...	...	...	16	Apr.	$1 on old 50 cts on new } for year 30-4-32	June 4, 32
" (new) ... $	...	...	...	7½			
Star Ferries ... $	88	...	...	...	Dec.	$4 for 1931	Feb. 11, 32
Yaumati Ferries (old) ... $	84	...	...	...	Dec.	$1.75 for 1931	Apr. 27, 32
" (new) ... $	88	...	...	...			
China Light (old) ... $	17.60	...	...	...	Sept.	50 cts. for year 30-9-31	Dec. 31, 31
" (new) ... $	...	...	...	17.40			
H. K. Electrics ... $	74½	...	74½	...	Dec.	$2.50 for 1931	Mar. 23, 32
Macao " ... $	...	...	...	24	Dec.	...	...
Sandakan Lights ... $	...	...	...	12	June	None	...
H.K. Tels. fully paid $	...	...	...	88½	Dec.	Final 6% making 10% for 1931	Mar. 2, 32
" part paid $	21.90	...	...	...			
China Buses ... Tls.	...	...	...	12	Dec.	T. 0.90 for 1929	Feb. 25, 30
S'pore Tractions (Ord.) s/-	...	...	...	2/-		1/4½ on preference shares Subject to income tax	
" (Pref.) s/-	...	...	...	12/6	Sept.		Feb. 6, 32
Industrials							
Malabon Sugars ... $	23.	...	...	...	Dec.	Ps. 4.50 for 1930	Mar. 4, 31
Cald. Macg. Ord. ... Tls.	...	...	...	14	Dec.	T. 1 T. 0.80 } for 1930	Mar. 21, 31
" Pref. ... Tls.	...	...	...	10½			
Canton Ices ... $	...	...	...	6	July	20 cents for year 31-7-31	Oct. 9, 31
Cements (com.) ... $	16.15	...	...	...	Dec.	45 cents on old 90 cents on new } for 1931	Mar. 31, 32
" (old) ... $	...	...	...	11			
" (new) ... $	...	...	...	6			
H. K. Ropes ... $	...	...	...	13	Dec.	35 cts. bonus 15 cts. mk. $1 for 1931	April 7, 32
China Agriculture ... $	...	...	...	10½	Dec.	...	...
Stores, &c.							
Dairy Farms ... $	27½	...	...	...	Dec.	$1.75 for 1931	Mar. 2.
Watsons (old) ... $	...	...	...	13	Oct.	80 cents on old for year 31-10-31	Apr. 19, 32
" (new) ... $	...	...	...	19½			
Def. A Wings ... $	...	...	...	1	...	30 cts. bonus 30 cts. for year making 60 cts. 30-6-32	June 8, 32
Lane Crawfords ... $	...	...	...	5½	Feb.	$3 bonus 30 cts. for year 30-6-32	Apr. 25, 32
Mackinnons ... $	...	...	...	31	Feb.	$20 bonus 20 cts. for year making $21.20 30-6-32	May 17, 32
Sincere ... $	...	...	...	16	Feb.	20 cts. bonus 10 cts. for year making 30 cents 30-6-32	Apr. 27, 32
Wm. Powells ... $	...	...	...	8.35	Feb.	...	...
Wing On Textile H.K. $	...	...	...	265	...	...	...
Miscellaneous							
H.K. Amusements ... $	19½	...	...	...	Mar.	$2.50 for year 31-8-31	Sept. 26, 31
Ch. Entertainment ... $	...	...	...	18½	Dec.	60 cents for 1931	Mar. 23, 31
S. C. Enterprises ... $	...	...	...	8½	Dec.	...	...
United Theatres ... Tls.	...	...	...	4½	Dec.	...	...
Macao "Greyhounds" $	...	...	...	10	Dec.	...	...
Constructions (Old) ... $	...	...	...	7.65	Dec.	40 cents on old 11½ cents on new } for 1931	Apr. 8, 32
" (New) ... $	...	...	12	...			
S. Ind. G. $ Bonds ... $	...	...	...	58%	...	Interest half yearly	...
H.K. Govt. Loans ... $	8%	Prem	...	...	...	$3 for 1931	May 11, 32
Wallace Harper & Co. $	...	...	...	12.90	Jan.	...	...
China Sports Ltd. ... $	...	...	...	10	...	...	...

YEE HING
(TOMEY & CO.)
62, Des Voeux Road C.

JUST ARRIVED
GREAT VARIETIES OF GOODS BY THE BEST MAKERS.
Shoes, BBB and Dunhill Pipes, Cigarette Holders, Cigarette Cases, Lighters, and Electric Clocks.

SPECIAL SALE
NOW ON.
FOR
ONE MONTH ONLY
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
THE SWATOW TRUSTING CO.
17A, QUEEN'S ROAD C.
(same as Long Hing, Photographer)
Owing to our cheap rental and low working expenses we are able to offer our SWATOW DRAWNWORK, CANTON SILK SHAWLS, HANDMADE LACES, LINEN, UNDERWEAR, IVORY, LACQUER AND PEWTER WARE at SUCH LOW PRICES AS WILL ASTOUND YOU, and you will see how much cheaper we are than the large stores.
COME AND BUY AND YOU WILL SURELY BE SATISFIED.

ALEXANDER INSTITUT DE BEAUTE

Phone 25169.
Pedder Building
(1st Floor)
Opposite Entrance to
Hong Kong Hotel.
Lustrous Oil Permanent Hair Waves which are Large, Soft and Natural, Artistic Finger and Marcel Waves, Oil Treatment, Shampooing, Henna Pack (any colour), Hair Cutting and Manicure for Ladies and Gentlemen. Conscientious, Artistic Work by European Expert, Mr. Alexander.
CHARGES MODERATE.
A VISIT WILL CONVINCE YOU.

As new as the first day you wore them

THEIR original gloss repaired—their leather kept supple—shoes that have their daily clean with Kiwi keep as new as the first day you wear them
Kiwi contains special ingredients that preserve the finest leather, keeping it waterproof and wear-resisting twice as long.
In black and all shades of tan.
KIWI

Agents:—W. R. LOXLEY & CO.

ROUND HONG KONG'S CINEMA THEATRES

OFFICIAL SOURCES.

"77 PARK LANE"

A sincere passion for rehearsing overcame not only the players but the entire production staff while certain scenes were being photograped for "77 Park Lane", the talking thriller which is showing at the Central Theatre to-day.

The scenes were those taking place in the "gambling hell" built at Walton-on-Thames studies for the new film, which was directed by Albert de Courville. The games of roulette and baccarat were in active progress both within and without the camera's gaze, and everyone from the studio hands to stars joined in the unofficial "rehearsals." During the lunch hour, instead of being deserted, the studio was crowded everyday, many of the stars apparently losing their appetite and preferring to remain at the scene of their labours.

De Courville, an expert on gambling haunts the world over, built a set which was the nearest approach to the real thing ever seen north of the Riviera. The scene presented a Park Lane mansion converted by crooks into a palace of chance, and the gambling equipment was of the disappearing variety. The 18 feet roulette table slid neatly upwards into the panelled walls, distributing its counters and equipment into artfully contrived receptacles as it rose, while the baccarat tables were transformable at a moment's notice into wireless sets and gramophones.

These clever disappearing devices were exact copies of the gambling tables actually seen by Mr. de Courville at a resort visited by him while collecting local colour in America.

"MEN LIKE THESE."

John Batten, who portrays one of the principal protagonists in "Men Like These," the great national epic of H.M. Submarine service, which is showing at the Queen's Theatre until Wednesday, hails from New Zealand.

He was soon brought to the notice of Cecil B. de Mille for whom he played juvenile leads, and subsequently he appeared in many silent films for Fox and D. W. Griffiths, notably "Backstage" and "The Battle of the Sexes." He also made his stage debut in Hollywood, appearing in "Pomander Walker" and "White Cargo."

Batten came under the notice of B.I.P. who brought him to England to play in "Under the Greenwood Tree," and his brilliantly successful performance was followed by leading roles in "The Great Game" and "The Love Waltz" (Ufa) which necessitated him travelling to Germany—in fact he is a much-travelled young man and has been to New Zealand four times.

"LEATHERNECKING."

A regulation Marine Corps parade group, large enough for a battalion of soldiers to drill in close formation, was constructed on one of Radio Pictures' sound stages for "Leathernecking."

The grounds were equipped with two 3-inch artillery pieces; four old-fashioned 4-inch lanyards (Reveille guns), flag pole, bugler's megaphone and other regulation service accoutrement.

On this "set" a company of U.S. Marines executive setting up exercises; the manual of arms; and close-order drill to the spright-ly music of Victor Baravalle's band.

The "set" was constructed and filmed under the supervision of Col. Starret Ford, an officer of the U.S. Reserves.

"Leathernecking," a comedy of marine life in Honolulu was adapted from the stage play, "Present Arms," Featured in the cast are Irene Dunne, Ken Murray, Louise Fazenda, Ned Sparks, Lilyan Tashman, Eddie Foy, Jr., and Benny Rubin.

This picture is opening on Thursday at the Queen's.

"ONE HOUR WITH YOU."

Making songs and musical score rise out of the action and belong to the story being told is the basis of the new technique of screen music inaugurated by "The Smiling Lieutenant" and being followed to-day in Maurice Chevalier's new picture.

This is the explanation given by Oscar Strus, composer of "The Chocolate Soldier." Straus wrote the music for Maurice Chevalier's "The Smiling Lieutenant" and is the composer of the musical score for that star's new Paramount production, "One Hour With You."

"There is little secret in the method employed so successfully in "The Smiling Lieutenant," Straus says." "It is merely a matter of judicious placing and construction of these songs."

"Our method is to make the songs natural and an integral part of our story. Audiences come to see a play. Music should help the audience to enjoy the play. Music and action must flow together. Music should fit the situation and conversation."

The songs Maurice Chevalier sings in his recent pictures all fit into the structure of the play just as a cutout section fits into a picture puzzle. His song "Louise" in "Innocents of Paris" aptly illustrates the points in question, as does also the one so effectively sung by Claudette Colbert and Miriam Hopkins in "The Smiling Lieutenant," "Pep Up Your Lingerie."

This structural synchronization of songs with the story of the play has been carefully observed in Chevalier's new picture, "One Hour With You," which is now showing at the King's and Oriental Theatres. In this picture Jeanette MacDonald again plays the leading feminine role, as she did in "The Love Parade."

RADIO

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

The following programme will be broadcast to-day from the Hong Kong Broadcasting Station Z.B.W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 K.C.'s):—

5-8 p.m.—Chinese Programme.
8-10.30 p.m.—European Programme.
8 p.m.—Local Time.
8.3-8.30 p.m.—A Programme of Victor records.

Instrumental.

Piano Solo—
To my Beloved (Schutt),
Harold Bauer 6503.

Violin Solo—
Melodie Arabe (Kochanski),
Sadah Shuchari 4114.

Piano Solo—
The Flatterer (Chaminade).
Scarf Dance (Chaminade),
Hans Barth-20846.

'Cello Solo—
Fond Recollections (Popper),
Impromptu (Popper),
Phyllis Kraeuter 4185.

8.30-10 p.m.—
A relay of the band of the 1st Battn. South Wales Borderers, conducted by Bandmaster Gecks, from Mount Austin Barracks, by courtesy of the Officer Commanding. (During the intervals recorded music will be broadcast from the Studio).

10-10.30 p.m.—A Programme of Victor records.

Variety.

Song—
I Love You so Much,
Aileen Stanley (Comedienne) 22469.

Song—
Wait 'til You See "Ma Cherie",
Maurice Chevalier (Baritone) 21918.

Organ Solo—
Why Can't You?
Jesse Crawford 21951.

Chorus—
Kallelujah! ....The Revelers 20609.

Duet for Two Pianos—
Dance of the Paper Dolls,
Victor Arden & Phil Ohman (21929.

Song—
The Rogue Song,
Lawrence Tibbett (Baritone) 1446.

Humorous Song—
I've Got "It" .....Helen Kane 22475.

Chorus—
The Blue Room,
The Revelers 20082.

All records in the above European Programmes are kindly supplied by Messrs. Tsang Fook Piano Co.

LAWLESSNESS IN GERMANY.

Trouble Follows Elections.

Berlin, Yesterday.

In view of the outbreak of lawlessness following the elections, Dr. Bracht, Deputy Commissioner in Prussia, has issued, what is described as a final warning to the Government to adopt draconic measures, if the political truce is not respected. He threatens the newspaper Preus with strict penalties if it inflames feeling.—Reuter.

RECLAMATION GROUNDS, WANCHAI
GARDEN THEATRE
OPEN-AIR CINEMA — TALKING PICTURES
2 PERFORMANCES NIGHTLY AT 7.30 & 9.30.
THE UNIQUE FILM CO., OF SHANGHAI, PRESENTS THEIR STUPENDOUS CHINESE SUPER-PRODUCTION.
"ROMANCE OF THE OPERA"
(with English titles)
A superior talking, singing, dancing and musical screen classic. Gorgeous settings, beautiful costuming, gigantic cast of China's greatest actors and actresses. An up-to-the-minute story of gay life in Shanghai. A talking picture made with America's best recording equipment operated by a staff of experts from Hollywood's leading studios, this insures good photography and sound.
OVER 2,000 SEATS AT BARGAIN PRICES
STALLS 35 cts., CIRCLE 50 cts., BOX SEATS $1.00. WE PAY TAX.
A High-class Open-air Theatre with a water-proof sliding roof. You can see the best pictures in luxury and comfort. All big roomy chairs, ample parking space for autos.

POLICE RESERVE.

Orders for the Current Week.

Orders by the Hon. Mr. T. H. King, Inspector General of Police, are as follows:—

Chinese Company.

Training Course—Part II.—All recruits will attend at the Chinese Company's Headquarters to-day at 5.30 p.m. for instruction.

Inspection Parade.—All ranks of the Chinese Company will parade at Central Police Station on Thursday, August 4 for a general inspection of equipment, etc. by the Company Commander. Fall in at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress—White Uniform, Cap with White Cover, Belt, Truncheon, Whistle, Armlet and Badge, "Pocket Policeman" and note-book to be carried. Those not in possession of uniform will attend in mufti. No members may be absent from this parade without leave from the Company Commander. The Equipment Officer will make it a point of being present. Recruits will attend.

Flying Squad.

Strength.—Constables R309 Lo Shing-leung and R349 Chan Sau-ping have been taken on the strength of the Flying Squad and posted to the Hong Kong Section as from July 19 and 26 respectively.

The next instructional patrol will take place on Friday, August 5 at the Central Police Station. All members must attend. Fall in at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress—White Uniform and Cap with White Cover.

Reserve Emergency Unit.

Strength.—The following have been permitted to resign from the Reserve Emergency Unit, as from July 19, 1932:—

Constables R426 A. Winch,
R437 F. A. Broadbridge and
R441 B. I. Bickford.

Motor Patrol.—A motor patrol will be carried out on Friday, August 5 for all members. They will assemble outside Queen's Pier at 5.15 p.m. Uniform optional.

Equipment.—All those members who have returned their black belts will draw new belts from the Police Storekeeper any time next week.

Sgd. D. L. KING.
D. S. P. (R)
Hong Kong, August 1, 1932.

SERGEANT THORPE DIES SUDDENLY.

Police Athlete's Sad Loss.

Sporting circles were shocked by the sudden death of Lance-Sergeant S. Thorpe, which occurred at the Victoria Hospital at 4.45 p.m. yesterday. Sergeant Thorpe was only 25. He was admitted to hospital about three weeks ago, and during the week-end his condition took a turn for the worse.

He was a very popular member of the Police Force, having joined on August 1, 1930, exactly two years ago. He was a native of Grimsby, Yorkshire, where he leaves a number of relatives. He was prominent both in football and hockey, playing for the Police teams in both games. In soccer he played right half-back for the past two seasons.

Deceased was recently transferred from West Point to the Detective Staff on waterfront searching duties.

The funeral takes place this afternoon.

SHADOWS BEFORE

COMING EVENTS ADVERTISED IN CHINA MAIL.

Social Functions.

To-day—Tea Dances at Hong Kong Hotel and King's Restaurant; Dinner Dances at King's Restaurant and Hong Kong Hotel.

Entertainments.

To-day—King's Theatre; "One Hour With You."

To-day—Queen's Theatre; "Men Like These and Old Soldiers Never Die."

To-day — Central Theatre; "77 Park Lane."

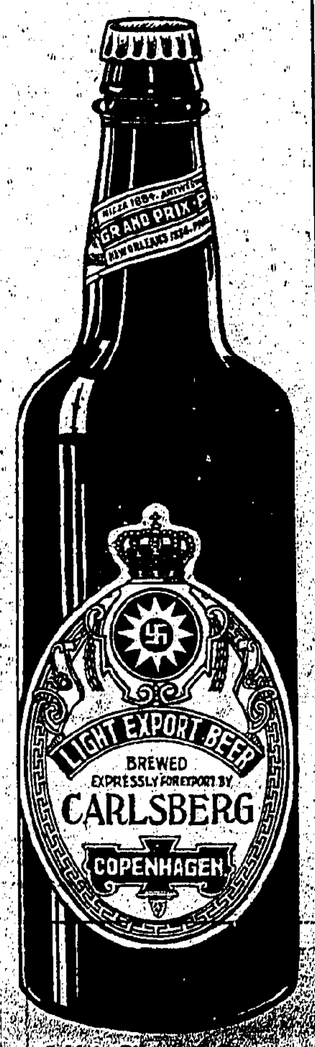
To-day — Majestic Theatre: "Happy Stars."

To-day—Star Theatre; "Trial of '98."

To-day — World Theatre; "King of the Wild, Pt. 2."

To-day — Garden Theatre; "Romance of the Opera."

To-day—Oriental Theatre; "One Hour With You."

Let Us Recommend
CARLSBERG LIGHT BEER
A Refreshing Drink During This Heat.


Sold in Pints and Quarts.
Agents:—
WING ON CO., LTD.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ATTRACTIVE TAILORING

SUMMER SUITS.
Made to order
Expert fit
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
WING HING CO.
Gentlemen's Tailors.
18, D'Aguilar Street.
Tel. 21417.

DENTISTS.
HARRY FONG, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road Central. Tel. 21235.
LAU PAK WAI, Dentist.
HONG KONG OFFICE:—
GLOUCESTER BLDG., 1st Floor.
Telephone 20438.
KOWLOON OFFICE:—
335, NATHAN ROAD, 2nd Floor.
Telephone 58581.
TANG YUK, Dentist.
Successors to
the late SIEN TING,
14, D'Aguilar Street.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free.

ENGINEERS & SHIPBUILDERS.
W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.,
Kowloon Bay.
New Work & Repairs. Call Flag "L"
Sole Agents for Kelvin Motors.

HAIR DRESSERS.
LEE YEE,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Dressers & Booksellers.
No. 12, D'Aguilar Street.
(opposite Queen's Theatre).

OPTICIANS.
THE HONG KONG OPTICAL COMPANY,
'Phone 22232.
53, Queen's Road Central.

SHOES.

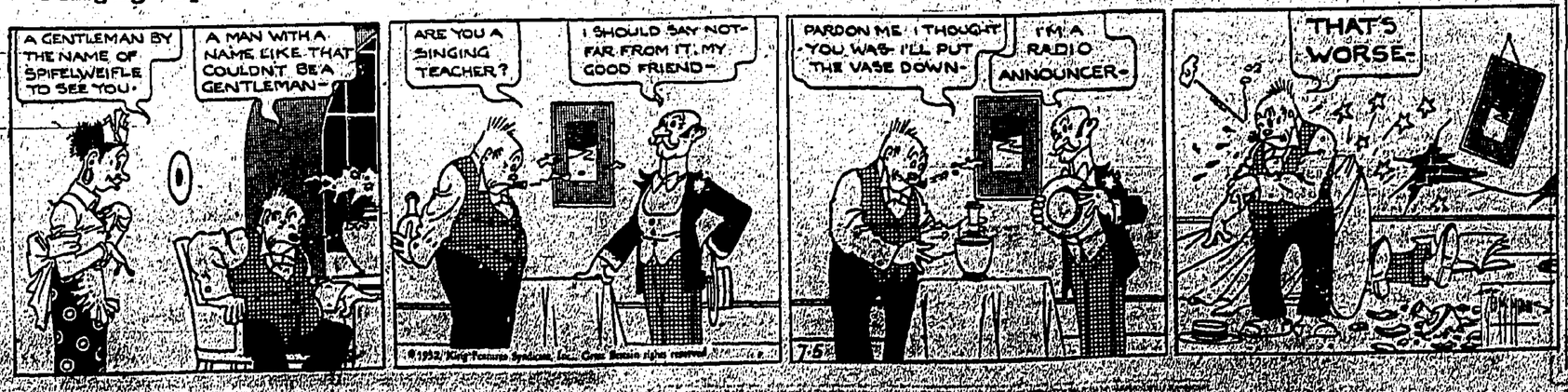
MADE TO ORDER.
LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S SHOES
Expert Workmanship.
Fit & Style Guaranteed.
SHERRY & CO.
No. 8, Peking Bldg., Hankow Rd.
I guarantee no SQUEAKS as all my shoes are made by a new process:—

Gentlemen's Shoes from $6.00 pair.
Children's Shoes from $3.00 pair.
FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU
Soleing a specialty
Soleing orders executed in 24 hours
WONG SIU WOON
21, Pottinger St. Tel. 21474.

TYPEWRITER DEALERS

TYPEWRITER CLEANING
HOP SING & CO.
28, Pottinger St. Tel. 21428
CANTON:—116, Sun Kee Sai Rd.

Bringing Up Father.



HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

Donations and Subscriptions are now due and can be sent to the Honorary Treasurer, Mrs. Wynne Jones, 161, The Peak.

Columbia New Process RECORDS — A New Standard of Realism

CONCERT WALTZES
BY
JOHANN STRAUSS SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
9218—BLUE DANUBE.
9224—WINE, WOMEN AND SONG.
9226—THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS.
9289—VOICES OF SPRING.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

LONG HING & CO.
17A, Queen's Road Central.
PHOTO SUPPLIES, DEVELOPING, PRINTING, ENLARGING & FRAMING.

G. FALCONER & CO., (HONG KONG) LTD.
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
DIAMOND MERCHANTS.
Union Building (opposite G.P.O.)
Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.

The China Mail SPORTS ALMANAC
THE BEST 50 CENTS WORTH

A Healthy Appetite

A sure sign of the strengthening influence of Sanatogen is the remarkably quick return of a healthy appetite. And no wonder! For the invigorating influence of Sanatogen on all the organs of your body and especially on those nerves which regulate the functions of the stomach and intestines, make it an ideal strengthening food when loss of appetite is the trouble.

Give Sanatogen a trial — you will be surprised at its invigorating influence.

SANATOGEN is sold at all Chemists and Stores.

CURRENT SPORTING GOSSIP

Chinese Civil Servants' Swimming Gala

Outstanding Success

MR. LAU KING-TSING PRESENTS PRIZES DONATED BY SUN COMPANY.

NOVELTY EVENTS IN DEMAND

The second monthly swimming gala at the Chinese Civil Servants' Club last night was an outstanding success. The brilliantly lighted pool cast back the reflection of the many coloured lights surrounding the North Point pavilion and lent to the function the true carnival touch. Novelty events were in great demand and the amusement derived from the ingenuity of the promoters was most laudable.

All the entrants for the various events were members of the Club and at the conclusion of a most successful gala Mr. Lau King-tsing, a former interpreter at the Supreme Court, distributed the many prizes, so sportingly donated by the Sun Company.

200 metres (4 boy team race):—
1. "A" team.
Time: 3 mins. 10-1/5 secs.
Won by 5 yards.

100 metres (Medley):—
1. Lai Pun-sin.
2. Kwok Tsz-hi.
3. Ngan Tai-hong.
Time: 1 min. 38 secs.
Won by 4 yards.

50 metres (carrying a baby):—
1. Lai Pun-sin and Sin Ka-kwong.
2. Lai Yim-cheok and Sin Ka-kim.
3. Sim Foo-shun and Sin Ka yim.

50 metres (girls blindfold race):—
1. Ng Kai-wan.
2. Leung Tsing-chan.
Time: 54 secs.
Won by 20 yards.

Indian Club (fireworks display):—
1. Chan Stze-shung.
2. Tong Chiu-hi.

Threading the Needle:—
1. Kwok Tsz-hi and Ng Shun-yim.
2. Ngau Tai-hong and Chan Yim-king.

100 metres (boys' Medley):—
1. Mak Wai-ning.
2. Sin Ka-wei.
3. Chan Ping-hung.
Time: 1 min. 49-3/5 secs.
Won by 2 feet.

100 Metres mixed group (drawing):
1. Lai Yim-chuk and Chan Ping-hing.
2. Lai Pun-sin and Kwok Tsz-shun.
3. Ngau Tai-fong and Mak Wai-king.
Time: 1 min. 14 secs.
Won by yards.

Water Polo:—
"A" team defeated "B" by a score of 5—4, after the losers had scored three quick goals in the closing minutes.

MICKEY WALKER WINS BY K.O.

ITALIAN OPPONENT FLOORED IN 70 SECONDS.

HUGE CROWD DISAPPOINTED.

Newark, N.J., July 25.

Mickey Walker, who began tackling heavier fighters immediately after relinquishing his middleweight championship of the world some two years ago, made a short job of his bout against Salvatore Ruggirello, the Italian heavyweight, here to-night when he finished his opponent in one minute and 10 seconds.

Walker's knockout blow came in the first round of a scheduled 10-round contest.

When the bell for the first round sounded the two battlers came from their corners and sparred cautiously. After an exchange of a few light taps Walker found an opening, and right then and there he inserted a crushing blow which sent the ambitious Italian to the canvas for the full count.

RUGGED FIGHTER.

Most of the fight fans barely settled down for the bout when to their surprise they found the referee counting over Ruggirello.

Ruggirello is a rugged fighter. Many of the spectators thought Walker's blow was just a lucky punch. Before coming to this country the Italian boasted of 14 wins out of 16 bouts, eight of which he won by knockouts.

One of Walker's biggest moments in his career among the heavier men was when he held Jack Sharkey to a draw recently. On May 26 he won a close decision from Paolino Uzcudun, the fighting Spanish heavyweight, at New York.

China Mail Sports Diary.

TO-DAY.

Lawn Bowls.

Open Championship.
(on K.C.C. green.)
A. M. Holland v. R. F. Luz.
C. S. Beat v. C. G. Silva.
Spey Royal Cup—Craigengower v. Recreio at K.C.C. at 4.30 p.m.

FOOTBALL POSTPONED.

The football match between the British Navy and the Combined Canton Air Force and Navy was postponed last night until next Friday.

BOWLS GAME POSTPONED.

The Open Singles Lawn Bowls match between A. M. Holland and R. F. Luz has been postponed this afternoon.

FINAL JAPANESE TRIALS.

Los Angeles Sees Their Worst Performances.

FIVE BOXERS.

Los Angeles, July 24.

For the purpose of deciding the Japanese acquatic entries for the World Olympic Games, Japanese athletes this afternoon had the final selection of swimmers when the following favourable results were recorded:—

200 Metres Breast Stroke:
R. Koike, 2m. 47 secs.
Y. Tsuruta, 2m. 47.6 secs.
S. Nakagawa, 2m. 56.2 secs.

100 Metres Breast Stroke:
Y. Miyazaki, 59.3 secs.
T. Kawaishi, 59.8 secs.
S. Takahashi, 1 minute.
H. Toyoda, 1m. 0.2 secs.
K. Katayama, 1m. 0.3 secs.
M. Yusa, 1m. 0.8 secs.
M. Yusa, 1m. 0.8 secs.

100 Metres Back Stroke:
M. Kiyokaya, 1m. 9.2 secs.
K. Kawazu, 1m. 9.8 secs.
M. Suzuki, 1m. 12.4 secs.
N. Iriye, 1m. 12.4 secs.

200 Metres Back Stroke:
T. Yokoyama, 2m. 18.2 secs.
T. Oyekota, 2m. 18.2 secs.
T. Takemura, 2m. 19 secs.

1,500 Metres Free Style:
K. Kitamura, 19m. 45.4 secs.
S. Makino, 20m. 25.8 secs.
K. Ishiharada, 20m. 28.4 secs.
S. Sugimoto, 20m. 48.2 secs.

Girls' 100 Metres Breast Stroke:
K. Kojima, 1m. 16.2 secs.
Y. Arata, 1m. 17 secs.
H. Matsuzawa, 1m. 19 secs.

Girls' 100 Metres Back Stroke:
M. Yokota, 1m. 23 secs.

Girls' 400 Metres Back Stroke:
H. Morioka, 4m. 16 secs.

Girls' 200 Metres Breast Stroke:
H. Mayebata, 2m. 18 secs.

Mr. Tabata, manager for the Japanese swimmers said after the trial swim that to-day's records can be regarded as the worst they have ever made and he is of the firm belief they can register better records easily.

ATHLETES ENTERTAINED

Los Angeles, July 24.

More than 5,000 local Japanese residents, including some American friends, were hosts at Luna Park this morning at a welcome reception in honour of the Japanese athletes to the World Olympic Games.

Mr. Sato, Japanese Consul, opened the meeting and Mr. John Porter, Mayor of Los Angeles gave a welcoming speech to the visiting young athletes.

1,000 American-born Japanese children staged a number of entertainment.

BOXING ENTRANTS.

Los Angeles, July 24.

In the Boxing Section of the World Olympic Games, the Japanese to-day made official entries, one man in each class as follows. Flyweight, K. Murakami; bantamweight, A. Nakao; featherweight, K. Kameoka; light-weight Kootsusuh; welterweight, Y. Hirabayashi.

(Cricket Results on Page 1.)

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE TO DATE.

	P.	W.	L.	1st Inns. W.	1st Inns. L.	No Result	Poss. Pts.	Pts.
Kent (3)	22	10	3	1	5	3	330	182
Yorkshire (1)	19	10	2	3	1	3	285	180
Sussex (4)	18	9	0	2	2	5	270	171
Notts (5)	19	9	3	4	2	1	285	165
Lancashire (6)	19	6	2	5	3	3	285	136
Surrey (8)	20	4	1	9	2	4	300	127
Hampshire (12)	19	6	5	3	4	1	285	121
Middlesex (11)	20	5	4	6	5	0	300	120
Warwickshire (9)	21	4	4	5	6	2	315	111
Somerset (13)	19	4	4	2	6	3	285	100
Leicestershire (16)	20	4	8	6	1	1	300	97
Derbyshire (7)	20	4	7	3	3	3	300	96
Glamorganshire (15)	21	3	7	1	3	2	315	82
Gloucester (2)	21	3	10	4	1	3	315	80
Essex (10)	19	3	9	2	3	2	285	72
Northants (14)	19	2	8	3	4	2	285	65
Worcestershire (14)	20	1	10	2	3	4	300	50

The system of scoring is as follows:—16 points for a win; 7½ points for a tie; 5 points for a first innings win; 2 points for a first innings defeat; and 4 points for a draw and a tie on the first innings.

The figures in brackets denote the positions held by the respective counties at the close of last season.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN EQUIPMENT FOR

TENNIS

GOLF

FOOTBALL & SQUASH

MANY LINES ARE OFFERED UNDER COST PRICE TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW STOCKS ARRIVING NEXT MONTH.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
Sports' Dept.

KAIPING HOUSEHOLD COAL

In Lots of not less than 1/2-ton:—
Delivered to Peak District (above Bowen Road), $23.00 per ton.
Delivered to Bowen Road and Lower Levels, $21.00 per ton.
Delivered to Pokfulum Road, $23.00 per ton.
Delivered to Kowloon, $18.00 per ton.

Orders should be sent in writing at least 24 hours before the Coal is required.
All orders must be accompanied by Cash, Cheque, or Compradore Order payable to "The Kailan Mining Administration."

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.
Head Office:—TIENTSIN.
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

TYPHOON-MAP - - -
OF THE
CHINA SEA

The Landsman's Handy Guide to Locating the Centre of a TYPHOON

SHOWING THE NEW STORM SIGNALS, REVISED MARCH 1st, 1931.

Price 50 Cents.

NOW ON SALE AT THE PUBLISHERS

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
China Mail Office, 3A, Wyndham Street.

ELLSWORTH VINES THE GREATEST YOUNG PLAYER OF ALL TIME

Ellsworth Vines King Of The Lawn

H.W. Austin Overwhelmed In Three Sets

BOROTRA AND BRUGNON TRIUMPH IN THRILLING DOUBLES FINAL

By A. WALLIS MYERS.

London, July 4.

Wimbledon is over and America rules the lawn. As conclusively as Mrs. Moody won the women's championship the day before, Ellsworth Vines, also of California, won the men's on Saturday. He beat H. W. Austin in the final, 6-4, 6-2, 6-0.

Vines, the third American champion in succession, equalled the record of Tilden and Patterson by capturing the title on his first visit to England. He beat the record of H. L. Doherty, Tilden, Johnston, Lacoste, and Cochet by winning both the American and British championships under the age of 21. That feat alone makes Vines the greatest young player of all time.

Saturday's setting was impressively complete. The King and Queen were there. Just as their Majesties patronised the first Anglo-French women's final in 1919 — the equal and exciting struggle between Mrs. Lambert Chambers and Mlle. Lenglen — so, thirteen years later, they revealed their sustained interest in international lawn tennis by coming to see the first Anglo-American men's final.

escorted into the committee box by Sir Herbert Wiberforce and Comdr. Hillyard just before Vines and Austin came in, received a loyal ovation from "a capacity crowd."

Every inch in space in the big amphitheatre, girding the court was occupied. Even the roller had its camping spectators. Hundreds had had queued up overnight and had slept and breakfasted before the gates. Most of these patient investors were tennis "fans"; a few were tennis financiers and sold their position in the line to the highest bidder. Ring seats, purchased for a few shillings were exchanged for as many pounds. It was a great day, and fine weather and perfect organisation attended it.

But if Vines played wonderful tennis it was not a wonderful match. It was a one-sided contest. Austin did not put up the fight which was expected. He was not, as we had hoped, the David for the Goliath.

VINES' NERVOUS START.

Vines was strong, menacing and ruthless—but not at first. He was, indeed, palpably nervous at the start, as if his youth and the occasion were not quite compatible. At this initial stage Vines was not the giant who had annihilated Crawford. His service was sluggish, the cannon-ball was shy. He was netting his drivers; he was not bending down as he usually does to watch the barrel discharge its shot, his cap-protected eye level with the gun.

Austin did not take advantage of this unsteady Vines. He might and should have won the opening game. I thought of H. L. Doherty and Norman Brookes twenty-seven years earlier. The Australian had slain a line of Englishmen with his withering service—bolts more unfamiliar than, and as sinister as, those of Vines. Doherty accepted the challenge of the service and had Brookes in difficulties before he could develop his attack. He surprised him into more errors and won.

Austin had begun with a double fault and lost the first game. That was a little disquieting, but he was confident enough in the second game, and broke through the American's service. He led 2—1 and 3—2, holding his own; the errors were coming from Vines; the battle, if anything, was going favourably for England. In the sixth games Vines served two aces—his first of the match—but he discounted their value by missing a volley and taking a ball that was sailing out. He was lucky, on strokes and tactics still indefinite, to level the score.

Austin then lost his service to love. He served weakly, but his errors came after Vines had returned the ball. He did not exert the pressure which his opponent's unsteadiness demanded; he allowed the giant to find himself; he almost seemed to be sensing trouble before trouble came. Strong and resolute strokes were rare.

Vines bent to adjust his shoe as he crossed over, rising to increase his service speed. He went to 5—3 from 15. He was "letting out" on his delivery; the ball was bounding off chalk; Austin was yielding to it. But he was not demoralised. Vines was still vulnerable in the deep corner, and Austin won the long ninth game. This time, on the cross-over, the American changed a broken shoelace for a sound one. The delay was disturbing to Austin, whose control had improved. He had no reply to three fast services in the tenth game. I could not help recalling Johnston's robust retorts to Tilden's cannon-balls.

WHAT HISTORY TEACHES.

No man's knowlege can go beyond his experience. I found many observers of Saturday's final speaking as if the service of Vines was some novel and uncanny weapon impossible to counter and impossible to reproduce. The history of American and even French lawn tennis confounds that theory. At the beginning of the century Dwight Davis (who was present on Saturday) was serving nearly as fast as Vines, and finding players in his own country ready with a reply. R.N. Williams defeated M. E. McLoughlin in the final of the American championship of 1914 by standing in and taking the Californian's thunderbolts on the rise; so did both Wilding and Parke at Wimbledon in 1913.

Lacoste had an answer to Tildens' service both in America and France, and passed on the recipe to Cochet. Vincent Richards, whose ground strokes bore no comparison to Austin's, could hold Tilden even in his prime by parrying his service. Patterson's service was a lethal instrument in England, but I saw Johnston win eight games against it in succession at Forest Hills in 1924. I also witnessed Borotra handle it unflinchingly and victoriously in a Davis Cup match on the same ground in 1925. The truth is that false values of the game have, through ignorance, obtained currency in this country. The lessons of history have been neglected.

LIMITATIONS EXPOSED

By failing to use his cooler complex in the first set—to win it, that is, so that he had some reserve of capital—Austin exposed his limitations to the enemy. Vines was evidently saying to himself, "If he cannot prevail when I am playing badly, my accuracy and confidence, which are coming, must beat him." And they did—right along the line, in every department of the game, in every segment of the court.

Austin won his opening service in the second set from 15; he lost his second to love; held his third in spite of a double fault; forfeited his fourth from 15. Vines, on his part, won all his own service games with a confidence increasing with every stroke. He double-faulted in his second, but made light of the aberration. He was aided in his "progress by the poor length of his opponent's returns even when there was time for a better blow. Vines seemed to have all the room he wanted to turn and tack; he was never pressed; he came to his climax—a break of six games in the third set—against an adversary whose rhythm and morale had been shattered by the opposing forces.

CONTROLLED SPEED

Previously Vines had been, in golfing terms, aiming for the green; he was now aiming for the pin. He was placing the ball just where he wanted, and blending force with finesse. That he could make the delicate shot as well as the deep and hurtling "liner" was shown by one beautiful drag shot taken on the run which left Austin standing. But he used no spin to slow up the game, nor ever forsook his plan of an unbridled attack.

This is where his training and mental outlook came in. Controlled speed has always been his watchword. He confirms the opinion, which I have ventured to express before, that the decline of Tilden, who was even more majestically ruthless than Vines, dates from the time when he used the chop (a stroke that never came out of the Dohertys' bag) as an auxiliary to the flat drive.

Vines won the championship—his winning shot, by the way, was an untouchable service stroke—by unadulterated lawn tennis. A wise and prudent general, he reserved his best display for the last two rounds. He did not play as well against Austin as against Crawford, but that was because Austin did not tax him as much.

THE DOUBLES TITLES.

Of the doubles championships, one has gone exclusively, and another in part, to France. The mixed doubles fell, as expected, to Spain and America in alliance. Belgium, through that delightful volleyer, Mlle. Sigart, shares the women's doubles title.

The final of the men's doubles rewarded those who had queued-up in an all-night vigil. Starting disastrously for Perry and Hughes, with the French racing through a love set at top and annihilating speed, it developed into about as close and as thrilling a fight for mastery as the new Wimbledon has ever seen. All the tennis in it may not have been of the highest standard—there is bound to be a fall and rise of mercury in a match so prolonged and so heroically contested by all four men—but there were singularly few loose balls in it after the first set. It was, indeed, a great battle, and if the King and Queen and the vast crowd were not able to acclaim a home victory at the end they saw two old favourites at Wimbledon triumph.

"OLD FIRM" IN ACTION.

Borotra and Brugnon have been described as a scratch pair—as if they were new to each other's company on the court. They have played many times together and won many triumphs. They were bracketed when France won the Davis Cup at Philadelphia in 1927; they were Davis Cup partners in 1924 and 1926. They won the French doubles championship and the Australian doubles championship in 1928; a year later they captured the covered court titles in America. They are, in short, an "old firm."

The great value of Brugnon to France—and he proved it again on Saturday—is that he temperamentally suited to pair up with any one of the other French "Big Three." He knows their methods, even their idiosyncrasies, intimately, and they know his. They realise, for example, that, by his lack of finishing power overhead, he is certain to draw the lobs of his opponents. This means that there will be plenty of play in the higher altitudes which suits the French attack, and that a roving partner so discerning as Borotra can select the most propitious moment to intervene.

So far from the Frenchmen on Saturday lacking combination, they triumphed because of it, and not least because Borotra, a prince of captains, was able to bring Brugnon into the fateful final set as firm and confident as he had been in the first.

Nevertheless, the British might have won the championship both in the fourth and fifth sets. Fortune had favoured them in the second set, for Borotra had sacrificed two service games by his own errors. Yet, by training all their guns on to one man, thus eluding the deadly kills of the Basque, they had gained a definite ascendency in the third set, and they were leading all through the service-governed fourth up to 5—4. They had no chance of capturing the tenth game, for Borotra, on his toes and off them, was superlative, and his service game was carried to love.

HUGHES LOSES SERVICE

Then came a great gain for the French—the rupture of Hughes' service and the chance to go out on Brugnon's. Perry returned services splendidly, and forced Brugnon coming in to net two volleys. At another set ball Borotra poached for the coup de grace and missed—another life for Perry and Hughes. But the magic touch of decision was with the French, and they came, amid great excitement, to level terms.

The fifth and final bout was very similar to the fourth except that Brugnon seemed to come to it with renewed strength. Periodically Borotra was breathing into his ear, "Victoire," and his own intensity of purpose was communicated to his partner. Up to 4—3 for England the service governed the rallies. Then the French had to struggle hard to save Brugnon's, while the English only carried Perry's after deuce. Borotra served a double fault in the critical eighth game, but Brugnon made a heroic volley to balance the score.

Again the service of Hughes, which bore traces of the strain, was the parting of the ways. The French captured it from 30. There were some wonderful volleying exchanges; the French had just the cooler heads. But on Brugnon's service the leaders were 15—14 down. History might not repeat itself. Perry jumping over, neatly angled a cross volley, and the match was finished.

Perry and Brugnon each lost their services twice, Borotra three times, and Hughes five times. These figures are illuminating, but they do not convey the genius of Bortra as a match-winner, the heroism of Brugnon, upon whom the brunt of the defence fell, nor the resolute resistance of the British. All the last needed was the quality of the French to take occasion by the hand.

MISS RYAN'S RECORD

The victory of Mlle. Metaxa and Mlle. Sigart in the women's doubles was very popular, partly because of their enterprising play and partly because of their unlucky experience last year, when they were required by the exigencies of the programme to wage two matches on the last day. In the mixed doubles Maier's volleying was more robust than that of Hopman's, while Miss Ryan deservedly won yet another doubles championship at Wimbledon. Her titles now total seventeen, which is easily a record.

The French champion struck the last ball of the meeting. Cochet won the Plate against Kuwabara with something in hand. He thus became the second ex-champion to win the consolation event. A. W. Gore, who first won the major title in 1901, was a Plate winner in 1903.

AMATEUR GOLFERS DEFEATED.

Lose By Ten To Three, And Five Halved.

Richmond, July 23.

On the Mid-Surrey course, to-day, a team of professional golfers beat one composed of amateurs and including four members of the Walker Cup team who will be going to America in August, by 10 matches to 3, with five matches halved.

John de Forest, the amateur champion, halved his game with A. G. Havers, the Sandy Lodge professional and winner of the British Open Championship in 1923.

VINCENT RICHARDS.

Chicago, July 26.

Roman Najuch, German tennis professional, proved himself better than Vincent Richards of the United States to-day when he defeated him after four sets, 7-5, 6-1, 2-6, 6-3.

COTTON IN GOLF INCIDENT.

Ordered Not To Use Iron On Tee.

HIS OWN STORY.

Henry Cotton, the young London golf professional who is rarely out of the news for more than two consecutive days, figured in a scene at Sandwich that caused considerable comment.

The twelfth tee of the Royal St. George's course is separated only by a fence from the last hole of Prince's, where the final rounds of the British open championship were played.

The tee at St. George's had been specially prepared for the Gold Vase competition, which is recognised as the premier amateur stroke event of the year.

During the day Cotton was seen to be on the tee, practising with an iron. He had hit a number of balls when he was approached by Mr. Robert Harris, a former amateur champion, and a member of the Royal and Ancient Club.

He requested Cotton to cease practising at once, but as the instruction was not immediately obeyed, Mr. Harris called upon James Bradbeer, the captain of the Professional Golfers' Association, of which Cotton is a member—and asked him to order Cotton away from the tee.

This was done, and Cotton picked up his golf balls and moved off.

Mr. Harris afterwards described the affair as a "piece of amazing stupidity," and the remarks of those standing around referred chiefly to the law that iron clubs shall not be used in practice from any prepared tee.

Cotton's Story.

When asked for his version of the episode, Cotton agreed that he was spoken to by Mr. Harris and Bradbeer, but he emphasised that he had driven only about a dozen balls, and that he immediately stopped his practice when he was called upon to do so.

"I tried to find a piece of ground where I could use a club," he explained, "but all the practice places were occupied by spectators.

"Others had been over on the St. George's tee, and I did not think I was doing any harm by going there too.

"I picked out a spot that was not actually on the tee, but what I am most anxious about is to correct any impression that there was trouble of any kind.

"When I was told to remove myself I did so, and although I know it is said that the marks of my shots were visible, I do not think I did any damage."

H. TOWER WINS SPOON AT RIFLE SHOOT.

Mrs. Holmes Competes At Kowloon Tong Range

A. CHAPPELLE RUNNER-UP.

H. Tower yesterday succeeded in winning a monthly spoon in the Hong Kong Rifle Club competition at the Kowloon Tong Range.

Owing to the wet weather, the shooting contests arranged for Saturday and Sunday had to be cancelled, but a number of members of the Hong Kong Rifle Club fired at the Kowloon Tong Range yesterday morning, in a monthly spoon competition.

The results were as follow:—

	200 yds.	300 yds.	400 yds.	Total
H. Tower	24	23	18	65
A. Chappelle	24	20	21	65
L. B. Holmes	22	22	19	63
J. M. Tetley	22	19	18	59
R. H. Pelling	22	14	21	57
J. Lister	23	21	13	57
S. Conway	17	20	18	55
C. Rowsell	20	18	15	53
Mrs. M. T. Holmes	13	17	15	45

H. Tower and A. Chappelle tied for the first place, and in the shoot-off the former won.

The next monthly competition shoot will be held on Saturday, August 13, and Sunday, August 14, at 2.30 p.m. and 10 a.m. respectively.

HOLDERS LOSE TO FRENCH PAIR.

Allison and Van Ryn Indifferent.

London, June 28.

Wilmur Allison and John Van Ryn, Wimbledon holders in 1929 and 1930, were unexpectedly beaten at Wimbledon this year by Borotra and Brugnon, who won in straight sets. Their meeting in the Davis Cup Challenge Round was eagerly awaited as it was thought that the Americans would this time emerge victorious. The French, however, decided to rest Borotra and the American pair had to be satisfied with a win over Cochet and Brugnon instead.

Allison and Van Ryn owed their defeat in the doubles partly to their own indifferent play, and partly to the splendid attack of Borotra and Brugnon, who, in a surprisingly brief encounter, lost only nine games. Allison was suffering from a strained shoulder—obviously there was some physical reason for his stingless service and smashing. But I suspect that both were sorry that they could not have come to England like Vines a week earlier. They jumped off a boat into their first turf tournament of the year.

None the less, the French team would have been too good for most couples yesterday. Their play had all that verve and variety that is almost a French monopoly, and that never fails to please a Wimbledon crowd. They gained early service breaks in all three sets and held their own services with uniform success.

Brugnon was delightfully skilful all through, and delightfully modest afterwards. "The Americans," he said to me, "were very accommodating, but I am pleased we won, because it means that Jean is playing on the last day. It would not be like Wimbledon if he were not."

Amazing Borotra.

Borotra was in great form, and made some amazing shots. He served a pair of double faults in one game, but atoned for this aberration by leaps that gave a Pethal ending to the rally. Once he overran the buffers of the court and landed like a telescoped engine among the spectators in the side seats. During his absence Brugnon manfully defended the court; two men were playing one for several shots; then Borotra leapt back again to make the winning hit.

A characteristic bit of Boratratio gymnastics, bringing roars of laughter, and applause. When Van Ryn's service was captured in the third set the door was wide open for the French to pirouette through.

Borotra and Brugnon will engage Hughes and Perry in the final this afternoon. The British pair were set a fast marching pace by Boussus and Merlin yesterday. Young Merlin's whirlwind strokes, which were captivating to watch and the left-handed thrusts of his partner carried the French to 5—2. But the leaders struck too boisterously at this stage and, recording many errors, were caught.

French Lustre Dimmed.

The French led 6—5, but when they had lost the service of Boussus in the thirteenth game, their lustre was dimmed. Hughes and Perry were never threatened again. Their service returns, now steady and well directed, were the prelude to a balanced attack; they found their adversaries losing heart and aim, and the end was only a matter of time.

Thus England will meet France in the last stage of the doubles for the first time since Roper Barrett and Dixon played and beat Decugis and Gobert in the challenge round of 1912.

The famous French pair gained an easy victory over Hughes and Perry in a disappointing Final.

Shanghai Preparing For Swimming Interport

BRUCE McDONALD WILL BE AVAILABLE.

And Probably J. R. Johnson.

Shanghai, July 24.

In view of the expense to be borne by the Swimming Association who are to send an interport team to Tientsin in September, it has been suggested to hold several galas for competition between the best swimmers in the city so that funds may be obtained to cover the expenses incurred.

The winners of the various championship events will be selected by the Swimming Association to represent Shanghai in the coming triangular interport meeting which is to take place in Tientsin, and it is therefore up to those who have a chance to start their training early so as to be fit for the various championships with a view to representing Shanghai in the Northern city. Hong Kong swimmers have been reported to have done a lot of training recently and by reports they are very keen to repeat their winning performance of last year, while the ever increasing promise of the youthful Tientsin swimmers has been born out recently.

Shanghai has been lacking of fast distance swimmers for some time and apart from Bruce McDonald, there is none to represent us. It is learnt that J. R. Johnstone, who did so well here in past years and likewise won renown for himself in Hong Kong, may swim in competition again and should this be the case there is a lot of hope of our taking points in the interport.

CHINESE SUCCESSES IN MANILA.

Basketball Wins Before Large Crowd.

Manila, July 27.

In their first game in the Islands, the Chinese girls' basketball team, that arrived in town yesterday morning on the President Harrison, walloped the local Central High School five, 36—8 at the Student Y.M.C.A.

The overwhelming defeat suffered by the Central women may be explained by the fact that girls' rules governed the game as the invaders had been playing. The local girls' teams have been playing boys' rules and consequently were badly beaten. They should not, however, have consented to play girls' rules without the slightest knowledge of them.

The Chinese male team whipped the Headquarters five by a very big margin. The invaders made it two straight, following in the footsteps of their partners, the allegedly weaker sex.

Despite the well-known depression, five hundred or so spectators jammed the gymnasium at one peso per head.

DR. REID DOUBTFUL STARTER FOR TENTH OLYMPIAD.

Breaks Down On Eve Of Departure.

London, July 8.

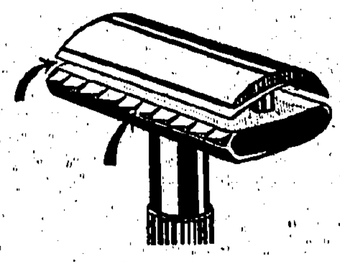
F. P. Reid, the Scottish and A.A.A. 100 yards and 220 yards champion, has broken down, and there is a doubt as to whether he will be able to travel to Los Angeles with the British Olympic team, for which he was chosen following his victories at the White City.

If unable to go to Los Angeles Reid may be included in the Scottish team to oppose Ireland at Powderhall, Edinburgh, on July 15, but that is doubtful.

R. Tisdall (hurdles) and Dr. O'Callaghan (shot and hammer) are notable absentees from the Irish team.

"WARDONIA"

The sensational British razor.



$2.50.

$5.00.

$7.50.

YOU NEVER FEEL IT — IT GLIDES OVER THE FACE

OBTAINABLE FROM

THE HONG KONG DISPENSARY.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

EST. 1841.

ZEISS CAMERAS
ENSIGN MOVIES
AGFA Projectors
EASTMAN
KODAKS
&
FILMS

A. TACK & CO.
26, Des Voeux Road, C.
Tel. 20046.

AFGA
CAMERAS
ZEISS
BINOCULARS
ENSIGN
Folding and Reflex
CAMERAS

GRAYS
YELLOW
LANTERN
SHOPS

Alexandra Bldg.
and
Hong Kong Hotel.
FOR
LINENS,
LINGERIE,

PEKING JEWELLERY AND RUGS.
NEW SHIPMENT OF VOILE AND SILK DRESSES.

HONG KONG SHANGHAI MANILA

"OLD CROW"

WHISKY.

One of the Finest Whiskies for making Mint Julips.

Imported by

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hong Kong.)

Prince's Building, Ice House Street. Telephone 20075.

Chemicals and Reagents, Medical and Surgical Instruments, Microscopes and Microscopical Accessories, Laboratory Apparatus and Glassware, Hospital Furniture and Equipment, Anatomical Models, etc.

All Kinds of Supplies for Schools, and Large Educational Institutions.

Drawing Instruments for the Architects, Engineers, etc.

FOR ECONOMY, QUALITY AND SERVICE
GO TO A FIRM WHICH SPECIALISES.

WE SPECIALISE AND WE CARRY STOCKS.

SCHMIDT & CO.

Gloucester Building, HONG KONG. 4, Ching Yuen Malo, West Bund, CANTON.

MAN LOONG.
PRESERVED GINGER MANUFACTURERS.

NEW SEASON PRESERVED GINGER
Best quality—Prompt attention to Exporters.
Office:—2, Dundas Street, Kowloon. Tel: 67088.
Factory:—2, Godown, Praya, Dundas Street, Mongkok.

Whiteaways

GREAT SUMMER SALE

NOW ON.

OUR
ENTIRE STOCK
AT
SENSATIONAL PRICE REDUCTIONS.

COME EARLY.

The China Mail.

Hong Kong, Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1932.

INDECISIVE ELECTIONS IN GERMANY.

As feared, the German elections resulted in a stalemate, the swing to Hitlerism being insufficient to give the Nazis a majority. The result is unfortunate as more uncertainty and delay are now inevitable, the lack of a definite result leaving the country's policy still unsettled. The present is no time for indecision, and even if a Government or Dictatorship is formed there will be no certainty of the life of the administration, and any remedy would be more or less make-shift. The main danger is that the Nazis may take it upon themselves to solve the problem and the previous threats by Hitler that he may resort to force to seize power create an uneasy atmosphere at the moment. The perfection of the organization and the numbers and efficiency of the Storm Troops make their leader's utterances no empty threat and the possibilities of civil strife are by no means remote. However the time does no appear propitious for any rebellion and the fact that Hitler evidently possesses some influence with Von Papen obviate the necessity for any violence. Lausanne was undoubtedly a bitter disappointment for Germany and the diplomats aided Hitler's cause by their niggardly policy on reparations. If Hitler is regarded as a menace to the peace of Europe the Lausanne statesmen did nothing to remove that menace, and if the Nazis gain power much of their success will be directly attributed to Lausanne. The question of Germany's political demands is an open one, but there is every justification for resentment at the manner in which the reparations problem was treated. Complete cancellation was the obvious and desirable course, but, yielding to French insistence, the Conference imposed a penalty which leaves the concession almost valueless to Germany. In view of the professed new international spirit of co-operation and agreement it is difficult to reconcile the noble sentiments expressed at Lausanne with the refusal to grant Germany equality. Whatever the views of the War, the peoples of the world are satisfied that the price has been paid and that the new generation should not be punished for the guilt of their fathers. The outstanding impression of present-day Germany is the hopelessness of the people, despair prevailing. Resenting the oppression under which they are placed, and driven to desperation, the German youth are flocking to the banner of Hitler who promises to free the nation, peacefully or by resistance. The failure of the politicians to remedy the situation is inexplicable as the poverty of Germany is one of the big factors in the present depression. A measure of France's insistence is comprehensible but the demand for security is an exaggerated one by a nation possessing the military strength of France. The new Germany would have little to gain by attacking her neighbour and there has been evident no desire for any such action. But if the people are goaded into action a resort to force may become inevitable. If France is sincere in her aims towards a guarantee of peace, a magnanimous and generous attitude would be the best means of securing that end. Under the circumstances it is not surprising that sympathy should be with Germany rather than with France.

If, as appears probable, Von Papen is asked by President Hindenburg to form a Government, most of whose powers would be mildly dictatorial, Germany's foreign policy will not undergo any great change and there would be little likehihood of a break with France. But the youth of Germany is impatient and desperate and if Germany continues to receive no real redress, economically and politically, the reactionaries may have their way. Hitler has been thwarted for the moment but at each election his successes accumulate and unless Germany quickly recovers the Nazi leader's hour may be postponed only temporarily and not indefinitely. In the meantime there will be not a little conjecture at the possibility of an attempt at a Monarchist coup. There are many who consider that such a move will be Hitler's last resort.

News In Brief.

Mr. B. C. Keith Hawkins, District Officer South, has reported to the Police the loss of a silver cigarette case, on Saturday.

Mr. S. M. Ismail, living at 451 Henessy Road, Wanchai, has notified the Police of the loss of some jewellery, clothing and a pair of boots.

Li Cho, 25, a P.W.D. coolie, employed at the Aberdeen Filter Beds, has been removed to the Government Mental Hospital, apparently insane.

The offices of Messrs. Robertson, Wilson & Co., in David Building were entered during the holidays by a thief who stole $75, from a drawer in the compradore's office.

The marriage took place at Notting-hill, London, on July 2, of Charles Wilfred Stewart to Agnes Elizabeth, daughter of the late Dr. Lewis Savin, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Yunnan, and Mrs. Savin.

The Hong Kong Telephone Co., Ltd., advertise that the Automatic Exchanges at Fanling and Taipo Market are now in operation. Further particulars may be learned from an advertisement appearing in this issue.

MRS. FRANCIS CLARK PASSES.

Only Daughter Living Here.

Mrs. Francis Clark, wife of Dr. Francis Clark, died on June 28. She was a daughter of Mr. Francis Andrews, of Wallington, Surrey, and Denver, U.S.A. in Mukden, Manchuria, where her husband was physician to the British Consulate-General from 1922-24, and in Wei-hai-wei she was organist to the local English church, in Wei-hai-wei she organized and took part in the entertainments for the British troops stationed there.

Since her husband's retirement she was one of the leaders in the Women's Institute at Hunton Bridge, King's Langley, where her dramatic and musical talent will be greatly missed.

Her only daughter is married to Major H. B. L. Dowbiggin, O.B.E., of Hong Kong.

MANY PAY LAST RESPECTS.

Funeral of Miss Biddy Marsh.

The funeral of Miss Biddy Eliza Marsh took place in the Protestant cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday evening, and was attended by a large number of relatives and friends.

The Rev. L. N. Watkins conducted the service at the graveside. The chief mourners were her mother, Mrs. J. Marsh, her cousin, Miss E. Smith and Captain F. Smith.

Among those present were Mr. W. A. Thomson, Mr. J. Baker, Mr. E. C. Sadick, Mr. C. Johnson, Captain M. MacKechnie, Mr. J. Lewis, Miss M. A. Bough, Mrs. A. Leong, Mr. and Mrs. A. Allen, Mrs. J. C. Brown, Mrs. B. Rosselet, Miss J. Thomson, and others.

There was a profusion of wreaths.

WATER SUPPLY DISCUSSION.

(Continued from Page 1.)

The Colonial Secretary will move that it is the opinion of the Council that the time has come for the Colony to abandon the principle of the rider-main system substituting the principle of compulsory meterage to all houses supplied, free supply from the street fountains being the alternative.

Shing Mun Scheme.

The subject of the Shing Mun Valley water supply scheme will also be brought forward, and the Colonial Secretary will move that the Council approves the construction of the works at an estimated cost of $9,200,000, also that the Council authorises $75,000 out of that sum to be charged to a future loan and sanctions an advance of the $75,000 during the 1932 financial year from the surplus balances of the Colony.

The Colonial Secretary will also move the additional expenditure of $15,000 on the filters in connection with the Shing Mun Valley scheme, the sum to be met with a future loan.

WAR DRIVES CHINA TOWARDS UNITY

MR. FRAZIER HUNT VISITOR TO ORIENT

IMPRESSED BY COLONY

URGES CONSIDERATION FOR SOVIET'S AMBITIONS.

"Discovers" Japanese Sailor Hero.

"I had no idea that Hong Kong was so beautiful," was the verdict of Mr. Frazier Hunt, the well-known war-correspondent and celebrity interviewer, who passed through on board the s.s. President Cleveland.

Mr. Hunt is an international figure, and has led a very colourful life. He started his career as a journalist in Chicago, and was in turn sugar-cane planter in Southern Mexico, newspaper editor in Illinois and special war correspondent with the American Red Cross in Europe. He later "covered" the front in France, and the U.S. naval operations in French waters for "The Chicago Tribune."

His subsequent activities in revolutionary Russia brought forth a series of masterly interviews with the great Bolshevist leaders of the day, and the line of his career was then definitely established. Thenceforth, his work concentrated on interviews with great personalities, of which those with H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, Lenin, Gandhi, Woodrow Wilson and Sun Yat Sen are the most well-known.

China's Attitude.

Mr. Hunt had spent three months in Japan and Manchuria just before coming to Hong Kong. Questioned on the attitude of the Chinese officials in Manchuria toward Japan, he answered:

"There is a general stiffening throughout the entire territory against the Japanese. A number of very important officials told me that they are, one and all, determined that Manchuria is to be regained by China. There is no doubt in my mind, but that the Chapei catastrophe has aroused the Chinese national consciousness, and that every kind of passive resistance will be offered to the Japanese."

Mr. Hunt stated that he thought that the Japanese invasion had been necessary to awaken China to the immense problems of its people and international relations. He had interviewed Chiang Kai-shek and Wang Ching-wei, and he was satisfied that, given the necessary powers, they would succeed in uniting and advancing the nation. Mr. Hunt thought that Wang Ching-wei was a particularly fascinating personality. He was impressed with the comparative youth of the Chinese leaders.

Japan's Hero.

In Japan, Mr. Hunt succeeded in interviewing a once famous figure, "who has long been thought dead," namely, Admiral Togo, who was responsible for the sinking of the Russian fleet and thereby virtually winning the Russo-Japanese War. Mr. Hunt expressed the opinion that history would acclaim him as the "Nelson of the Twentieth Century."

On the subject of Russia, Mr. Hunt considered that it was the only country in the world to-day which "understood what it wanted, how to get it, and got it." He thought that it was high time that the world took off the glasses of prejudice, and viewed Russia as it really was, "a noble and inspiring epic of evolution."

Replying to a question, Mr. Hunt declared that by far the most brilliant and outstanding personality he had yet interviewed was Lenin.

Mr. Hunt is making a protracted world tour for the purpose of gathering material for a series of articles in the Cosmopolitan Magazine and for radio broadcasts. He is scheduled to broadcast at Manila and Bangkok if conditions are suitable. Mr. Hunt will go on to India, thence to Europe and the United States.

Germany's Unrest Subsidies

(Continued from Page 1.)

Reichstag Bigger.

The Reichstag is now composed of 607 members, compared with 577 previously.

The following was the division of seats in the last Government:

Nazis	110
Socialists	136
Communists	78
Centre	69
Others	164

Centre Has Control.

Berlin, Yesterday.

The election has resulted in a stalemate, as generally expected. It is certain therefore that the Von Papen Government will remain in the saddle, while the maintenance, broadly, of the status quo constitutes a bitter blow to the Hitlerites, who, despite a gain of 119 seats compared with the old Reichstag, are unable to command an absolute majority, even with the support of their Rightist allies.

The Catholic Centre under the leadership of the ex-Chancellor Bruening, therefore hold the key to the situation.

The chief surprises are the marvellous recovery of the Communists since the set back following the general election of 1930 and the fact that the Nazis appear to have reached high water mark.

The Communists who increased their representation by eleven seats were evidently unharmed by Herr Von Papen's hostility and gained heavily in numerous districts.

Compared with the Diet elections of last April this, combined with the Socialist successes, is ascribed to the workers' resentment of Herr Von Papen's action in Prussia and the fear of a dictatorship.

The German Nationals also gained practically everywhere, though not on the scale on which it was hoped.

Voting, however, has been disastrous to the more prominent parties which practically have been wiped out. All the outstanding party leaders have been automatically re-elected, but Herr Hitler was not a candidate, preferring to direct activities from the outside.

The Reichstag figures for Greater Berlin show that the Communists gained 55,000 votes, compared with the diet elections and are now the second largest party in the capital. The Nazis lost 37,000 and the Socialists 98,000. — Reuter.

I.L.O. CERTIFICATES.

Of the Societe Internationale de Placements, Basle, (Switzerland)—local agents, Messrs. A. Cooke & Co—yesterday's official quotation in Basle:—£2 16s 3d.

OCCASIONAL RAIN.

To-day's weather report, from the Royal Observatory states:—

Pressure is highest over the Pacific to the East of the Bonins, and relatively low over S. China.

The typhoon is situated to the immediate North of Naha, moving North-east.

Forecast:—S.W. winds, moderate; cloudy occasional rain.

FATALITY ON FISHING PARTY.

Death Of Mr. F. L. Marques.

ACCIDENT ON CASTLE PEAK ROAD.

The death of Mr. F. L. Marques, a well-known and popular member of the Portuguese community took place after a fall on the rocks near Ruttonjee's Bungalow on the Castle Peak Road yesterday evening.

Death is thought to have resulted from heart failure.

Mr. Marques had been fishing together with his brother at the beach. In climbing on to the rocks on the shore, he slipped and fell a distance of about 5 feet.

When picked up he appeared to be unconscious, and was carried to his brother's car, in which he was conveyed back to Kowloon.

On arrival at the Kowloon Hospital the doctor pronounced life extinct, and stated that death had intervened about one hour before.

The accident occurred between 7.30 and 8 p.m.

The members of the fishing party in addition to the deceased were Messrs. L. Z. Marques, S. Rodrigues and A. Gill.

The deceased leaves a wife and seven children, the eldest of whom is 13 years of age. With the exception of the eldest child the children are all girls. Three girls attend the St. Mary's School, and the son, the La Salle College.

The deceased was 41 years of age, and for the past 24 years had been employed with the Eastern Extension Telegraph Co., Ltd., most of his service being in the operating room. Recently however he was transferred to the accounts department.

The funeral will pass the Monument to-day at 5.30 p.m.

CHINA'S CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Silk Will Be Well Protected.

Nanking, Yesterday.

It has been learned that the new Customs duties, which have been imposed to cover the deficit in revenue caused by the Manchurian Customs seizure, await only the final approval from the seat of Government at Doyang, to provide the following increases:

Artificial silk, 15 Customs gold units per picul.

Indigo, two units.

Silk articles, 25 per cent. advalorem.

Raw silk, 30 per cent.

Dyes, 10 per cent.

Medicines, five cent.

Toys, 17.5 per cent.

Wines, 30 per cent.

Commodities not listed in the Customs schedule, 2.5 per cent.—Reuter.

TUNG WAH HOSPITAL BUILDING SCHEME.

Meeting At Noon To-morrow.

A meeting to discuss the erection of residential houses on the site of the old Po Leung Kuk will be held at noon to-morrow, by the Board of the Tung Wah Hospital.

It has been proposed that eight houses be erected, the rental of which, will help towards the reduction of the annual $100,000 deficit of the Tung Wah Hospital. Permission to carry through the project has just been received from the Government.

RIVER SHIP HITS ROCK.

While on a trip to Canton during the week-end, the river steamer Sai On, belonging to the Tung On Steamship Company, fouled a rock near the Bocca Tigris Fort, Canton.

Damage was very slight, and the vessel reached Canton safely.

On arrival in Hong Kong she entered Taikoo Docks for examination.

GRAVE'S VICTIM.

Basca, Hungary.

The local grave-digger was killed instantly when the wall of a grave to which he was just giving the finishing touches caved in after a rain.

The Danger Of Decline In Population

The Birthrate Is Falling In All Leading Nations

TWO REMEDIES FOR GROWING PERIL

"LORD LYTTON'S MISSION IS RIDICULOUS."

"It would be possible for the State to guarantee employment at ample wages to all who are born. But if it does this, it is bound in self-protection, and for the sake of every purpose for which government exists, to provide that no person shall be born without its consent."

This passage was written by Stuart Mill about the middle of the last century, and as an answer to Socialism it has never been answered. I quote it, however, for the purpose of contrasting the placidity with which it was received by political thinkers with the fury excited at the beginning of the century by the publication fifty years earlier of the Rev. Mr. Malthus's essay on population.

Sidney Smith declared that the sight of a woman "expecting" excited Mr. Malthus like a red rag does a bull, while the majority of his fellow citizens regarded the meek parson with much the same horror that Americans look upon the murderers of Colonel Lindbergh's baby.

To-day this heat is almost inconceivable, though it ought to be remembered that Malthus wrote in days when Lord Chief Baron Pollock had 24 children by three wives, and when 12 was the ordinary number of a prosperous country gentleman's family. To-day, I believe the average among manual employees, the most prolific section of the community, is four, while in the upper and professional classes, the figure is two, or none.

The birth-rate is now falling in all the leading nations. The birth-rate in England and Wales for the March quarter was only 15.3 per 1,000 of the population, the lowest ever recorded for the period of the year; in 1876 the rate was 36.3; in 1931 it was 24.1.

As might be expected, the birth-rate in Westminster was 10.4, compared with 31.8 in Dagenham and 20.5 in Barking.

In German towns the rate is eloquent of the poverty. In Berlin it is 8.8 per 1000; in Dresden 8.9, in Hamburg 11.1. The Church of Rome has thrown all the weight of her authority and organisation against birth-control, so that it is not surprising that the birth-rate in Madrid for the last quarter is as high as 31 per 1000. Since 1928, Spain, Portugal, and Ireland have a greater increase in population than in the opening years of the century; while in England, Germany, and Sweden the increase has been only a quarter that of 25 years ago.

Whether or not the absolute decline of population in this country arrives within the next six or seven years, it is certain that for a long time there must be expected an increasingly high proportion of elderly men and women. "Too old at forty" may have to be changed into "too young at thirty." As we have chosen to throw the balance of power into the hands of women, the results may be serious.

But for France and Germany, which depend for their power on large armies, the consequences of a fall in birth-rate are very disturbing.

Steady Fall In U.S.A.

In the United States there has been a steady fall during the last ten years from 24.3 per 1000 in 1921 to 18.9 in 1930.

Malthus overstated his case ludicrously. He went so far as to propose the abolition of the poor rate, and terrified and muddled his readers and himself with his ratios.

The pressure of population upon the means of subsistence, which was forgotten in the overflowing days of Victoria, has to-day become one of the great dangers of the age. Japan, England and Germany are overpopulated: Japan very dangerously so, Germany owing to her victorious war over France in 1870, and England owing to Socialistic doctrines.

Over-populated countries must either expand by annexing new territories or "bust" into a revolution. Anyone who looks at Japan in the map needs no further explanation of her Manchurian policy, or her determination to annex slices of Russia and China as opportunity offers. That is why Lord Lytton's mission is so ridiculous. Japan, like Luther, "can no other."

Bismarckism, with the war indemnity from France in 1871, produced that Germany which in 1914 felt itself "hemmed in."

The English, Scotch and Irish branches of the British race have until the beginning of this century solved the over-population problem by emigration. The most intelligent and energetic members of the race have gone forth East and West to cultivate and replenish the earth. They have made the Dominions of Canada, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand; and they have planted and ruled Malaya, Singapore and Ceylon.

But since the political power of trades unions has joined hands with the theorists and academic economists of the Socialist Party expansion by emigration has become taboo. In the first place, the Dominions and the United States refuse to admit immigrants who are obviously surplusage—that is, the unsuccessful and the idle members of the Old Country. I believe that the United States refuses to admit any emigrants of any kind whatever.

In the second place, the Socialists, by their doles, insurance and health laws, make this overcrowded old country so much more comfortable than any other that the idle and unsuccessful and unfortunate citizens refuse to leave "the warm precincts of the cheerful day" for the hard work and cold adventures of a strange country.

I am not blaming the recipients of Socialist charity. The majority of human beings prefer moderate, or even small, pay coupled with security and little or no work to hard work and adventure. It used not to be so: as I have said, the British used to be the colonists of the world. But Mr. Lloyd George with his "ninepence for fourpence" has changed the British character, and the trades unionist officials have seized their chance.

Of course, the unemployed roll is big, and will be bigger. The trade unionists don't mind that much: it relieves the drain on trades union funds.

Natural Checks to Population.

In the olden time population was kept down by wars, famine, pestilence, earthquakes and starvation. Of these natural checks, earthquakes in the volcanic zone and starvation in barbarous countries like China and Russia alone remain. By irrigation and sanitary laws the British Government has put an end to famines in India, while medical science and surgery have made pestilence impossible in civilised countries. Whatever suffering and poverty exist are due to the maldistribution of food and money and population.

But what of the future? Two remedies for what is a growing danger suggest themselves to me, the one political-economic, the other moral.

First, European nations should follow up the lead of Lausanne by forming themselves into an economic bloc or combination to boycott Soviet Russia. All economists and statesmen agree that to raise the wholesale prices of primary commodities is the one thing needful to restore the world's prosperity. The immediate and certain way to do that is for all Europe to boycott Soviet Russia, who is openly trying to keep all prices down by dumping slave-grown products.

The moral remedy is, of course, birth control, or, in other words, Malthus improved. As Burke pointed out, "the poor are only poor because they are numerous." If in the last ten years one million families had gone to other parts of the Empire, there would to-day be no unemployment benefits and wages would possibly be higher.

BOMB DISCOVERED IN SHUMCHUN.

Railway Foki Killed By Explosion.

FOUND IN LATRINE.

A bomb, discovered in the latrine at Shumchun Railway Station yesterday evening caused the death of a foki employed in the Station tea-room.

The man, it is stated, went to the latrine, and was about to leave when he notice something which looked like an ordinary tin. He picked it up and carried it away, and it went off with a terrific explosion while he was still holding it.

He was immediately sent to Kowloon Hospital on the train, but he succumbed to his injuries shortly after admission.

The accident occurred in Chinese territory. Mr. I. B. Trevor, traffic manager of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, told the *China Mail* this morning that the railway authorities are unable to account for the affair.

POSSIBLE BOYCOTT OF SOVIET OIL.

Secrecy Preserved In Paris Meeting.

Strict privacy was maintained regarding the morning's session of the International Oil Conference, held in the same hotel room as was used for the Young Conference, (says a Paris message of June 30).

The meeting, attended by about 40 delegates, included representatives of the Standard Oil Company, the Royal Dutch-Shell group and Roumanian delegates, but the Russians refused to participate in the conference, so the agenda was limited to an arrangement with Roumania and the discussion of a common attitude towards Russia.

An earlier message stated that complete secrecy would surround the discussions as should any rumours regarding the progress of the Conference leak out, market speculations in oil shares might result.

Thus the delegates were pledged to shun newspapermen like poison.

The British and American delegates have come to an agreement with Roumania on the question of limiting output, checking dumping and price-cutting.

SOUTH CHINA LODGE FORMAL PROTEST.

(*Continued from Page 1.*)

persons not entitled to vote under Rule 5 of the H.K.F.A. having voted contrary to that rule.

The election of the officers and council members by irregular voting is void and we firmly demand another meeting to re-elect new officers and council members in accordance with the provisions of the Association Rules.

Rule 5(a) says "Each Affiliated Club or League shall be entitled to send 2 Representatives" no other persons are mentioned under this rule as being entitled to be present. The language in Rule 5(c) is unmistakable. It says "At all meetings of the Association, i.e. Annual General and Extraordinary 10 accredited representatives shall form a quorum. This clearly makes a General Meeting a Meeting of Representatives.

We have also to point out that in the list of Representatives supplied to us, the name of one of them, said to be representing the Club de Recreio, had to be left out because he had not signed the attendance sheet. How did the Association know that he was representing the Club de Recreio if they did not know his name? We had been officially informed by the Club de Recreio that their only representative at the Annual General Meeting was Mr. F. H. Barnes, who signed attendance sheet, and that it was possible that his signature might have been read as H. Gomes. We therefore further protest that the General Meeting on the 8th July was irregular owing to the participation in the business of that meeting of an unidentified person.

Yours faithfully,
Sd. Mok Hing,
By order of the Committee,
of the S.C.A.A.

GERMAN PRINCE HAS GIFT OF MUSIC.

Composer Of No Mean Abilities.

Berlin, July 5.

The ex-Kaiser's cousin, Prince Joachim Albrecht of Prussia, is maintaining the musical traditions of the Hohenzollern family, which go back to the times when Frederick the Great played the flute and found leisure between his raids on neighbouring countries to write music too.

Prince Joachim's instrument is the 'cello and at a concert which he gave here he showed that he is, as well as a good 'cellist, an imaginative composer of no mean calibre.

A large number of people who used to be about the Court attended the concert, many of the women being quaintly attired in the fashions approved by the late Kaiserin; their hair towering and coiling about their heads and kept in place with tortoiseshell combs! Bobbed hair they regard as a democratic and rather vulgar innovation. In striking contrast, however, was Princess Joachim Albrecht, who is one of the fashionably dressed women in the capital.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

A.O.F.C. Quotations.

New York, Yesterday.

	Last Aver.	To-day's Aver.	Changes
30 Industrials	54.26	54.04	.68 up
20 Rails	21.74	21.34	.40 down
20 Utilities	22.70	22.81	.02 up

Messrs. E. A. Pierce & Co. report:—The market is somewhat reactionary. Business done: 2,100,000 shares.

	Last Price $	To-day's Price $
Air Reduction	40	40⅝
Allied Chemical & Dye	58⅛	58¾
American Can	39½	39*
American Telegraph & Telephone	89¾	91¼
American Tobacco "B"	66¾	69
Auburn	63½	62
Borden Company	26⅞	27¼
Canadian Pacific	13	13⅛
Consolidated Gas of New York	47¼	47⅝
Drugs, Inc.	33⅝	34
Du Pont de Nemours	29⅝	29
Eastman Kodak	44¼	45⅝
General Electric	14½	13⅞
General Foods	25¼	25⅛
General Motors	11¼	11
International Harvester	17	16⅞
International Tel. & Tel.	6½	6¼
Liggett & Myers "B"	52	52¾
Loew's Inc.	22½	22⅛
Pacific Gas & Electric	24	24
Pennsylvania Railway	13¼	12⅜
Radio Corporation	5⅞	6¼
Sears Roebuck	16¼	15½
Standard Oil Company of New Jersey	30¼	30⅞
Sonny-Vacuum Corp.	9⅞	10⅜
Union Carbide & Carbon	20½	20¼
Union Pacific	47¾	45¼
United Aircraft & Trans.	11¾	12⅛
United States Steel	28⅞	29½
Westinghouse E. & M.	22¾	24

* denotes ex dividend.

—Reuter.

EXCHANGES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

On London—	
Bank, wire	1/3⅜
Bank, on demand	1/3⅜
Bank, 4 months' sight	1/3½
Credits, 4 months' sight	1/4¼
On Paris—	
On demand	575
Credits, 4 months' sight	315
On Berlin—	
On demand	Nom.
On New York—	
On demand	22½
Credits, 60 days' sight	23⅝
On Bombay—	
Wire	84⅞
On demand	84⅞
On Calcutta—	
Wire	84⅞
On demand	84⅞
On Singapore—	
On demand	55¼
On Manila—	
On demand	45
On Shanghai—	
On demand	76¼
On Yokohama—	
On demand	81½
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate)	1/4⅛
Silver (per oz.)	17 3/16
Bar Silver in Hong Kong	Nom.
Copper Cash	Nom.
Copper Cents	1% prem.
Rate of Native Interest	3½% p.a.
Chinese Sub. Coin	30½% dis.
Hong Kong Sub. Coin	Par.

CENTRAL THEATRE
TEL. 25720

SHOWING TO-DAY
at 5.15 & 9.30 P.M. ONLY.

1932 UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

A COMEDY DRAMA THAT WAS THE RAGE OF LONDON NOW BROUGHT TO THE WORLD THROUGH THE MULTI-LINGUAL TALKING SCREEN.

A SOPHISTICATED THRILLER THAT IS AS WITTY AS IS EXCITING AND AS CHARMINGLY ROMANTIC AS IT IS SUSPENSEFUL

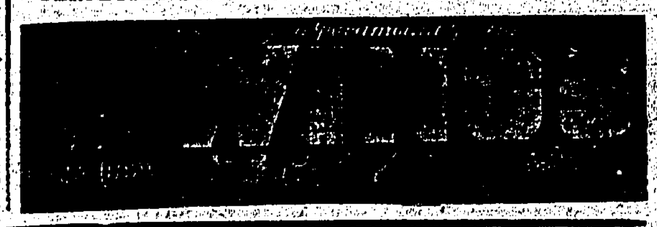
DENNIS NEILSON TERRY & BETTY STOCKFELD
IN
"77, PARK LANE"
—AND AT 2.30 & 7.15 DAILY—

THE LATEST CHINESE MOVIETONE TALKING SUPER DRAMA
YANG NOI MUI & SUN KING LAM
IN
"THE LAST LOVE"

PRICES FOR ALL SHOWS
DRESS. CIRCLE — $1.10, BACK STALL — 55 Cts.
UPPER CIRCLE — 35 cts.; FRONT STALL — 35 Cts.
(including tax).

NEXT CHANGE
LOVE, DECEIT, SORROW, INDISCRETION, ROMANCE, EXCITEMENT, LONG CHANCES, GREAT ENTERTAINMENT
MAE CLARKE & RICHARDO CORTEZ
IN
RECKLESS LIVING
—SHOWING SOON—
LOVE & ROMANCE AMID A THOUSAND DANGERS
MEN & NATURE IN TERRIFIC COMBAT.

—COMING—
THE AVIATION'S MARVELLOUS MASTERPIECE AND PERFECTLY SYNCHRONISED WITH SOUND.



MARTELL'S BRANDIES

V.S.O.P.
CORDON BLEU.
THREE STAR
(also in square pints and flasks)
V.V.E.S.O.P.

BOTTLED IN COGNAC AND GUARANTEED PURE GRAPE BRANDY BY MARTELL & CO.

Sole Agents:
GANDE, PRICE & CO., [illegible]
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
St. George's Building, Ice House Street,
Tel. 20135. HONG KONG.

The China Mail

Published every evening except Sunday. Annual subscription, excluding postage abroad, H.K. $36, payable in advance. Local delivery free.

Overland China Mail.

The weekly edition of the "China Mail," published every Friday. Annual subscription, H.K. $13 including postage $19, payable in advance.

Published by
The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd.
Printers & Publishers.
No. 3A, WYNDHAM STREET,
HONG KONG.

TELEPHONES—
Business Office: 20022.
Editorial Department: 24641.
Cable Address:—Mail, Hong Kong.

All communications should be addressed to the Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

London Offices:—S. H. Bywaters & Co., Ltd., 7, Garrick Street, London, W.C.2.

'Phone 20022.

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Twenty-five Words three insertions prepaid $1.50. Every additional word five cents for three insertions.

All replies under this heading must be called for.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—MOTOR YACHT. Length 46 feet 6 inches. Beam 11 feet 6 inches. Union Heavy Duty Kerosene Engine. Very economical and reliable. Speed 7½ miles. Comfortable Cabin. Very complete inventory. All in good order and condition. Going A BARGAIN. Write Box No. 729, c/o "China Mail" or Apply A. King's Slipway.

FOR SALE.—Hong Kong 8 Directory now on sale at the offices of the Publishers, 3A, Wyndham Street.

TYPHOON MAP of the CHINA SEA. The Landsman's Handy Guide to locating the Centre of the Typhoon Price 50 cents.—Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd., "China Mail" Office, 3A, Wyndham St.

"COASTWISE."—An interesting book of cartoons depicting "Happenings" on the China Coast. Price $1, on sale at the "China Mail" offices, 3A, Wyndham Street.

AN INTRODUCTORY HISTORY for schools by A. H. Crook, W. Kay, and W. L. Handyside. Price $1, on sale at the publishers, Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd., 3A, Wyndham Street.

TUITION GIVEN.

PRIVATE LESSONS in English, French, Music, Shorthand, and Typewriting. Terms moderate. 6, Aimai Villas, Austin Road, Kowloon.

HOME TUITION.

WESTOVER—STEVENAGE. Within an hour from London. In healthy neighbourhood. SCHOOL for GIRLS and SMALL BOYS. A few Boarders received in the House of the Principal. Individual care and attention. For Particulars apply to:
MISS RUTH CULLEY,
(Camb. Higher Local, Camb. Teachers' Diploma).
MISS GERTRUDE TURNER,
(National Froebel Higher Certificate).

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUR VISITING CARDS neatly and promptly printed.—"China Mail" Office, No. 3A, Wyndham St. Telephone 20022.

HONG KONG HEIGHTS

For the information of visitors the following list of some of the highest points on the Island and Mainland is published:—

Island.	Feet
Victoria Peak	1,823
Signal Station	1,774
Mt. Parker	1,734
Mountain Lodge	1,725
The Eyrie	1,725
Peak Hotel	1,305
Taikoo Sanatorium	1,000
Mt. Davis	877
Bowen Road (filterbeds)	297
Mainland.	
	Feet
Taimoshan	3,124
Kowloon Peak	1,971

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

HONG KONG TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS are asked to note that the Automatic Exchanges at Fanling and Taipo Market are now in operation.

A fee of 10 cents per call is charged in respect of calls made from Central, Peak, and Kowloon districts to subscribers on the new exchange (including Fanling Golf Club).

For full particulars of the additional service see the preface of the telephone directory, or communicate with the Company.

LAMMERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS AND SURVEYORS.

—Public Auctions—

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON
FRIDAY, August 5, 1932,
commencing at 10.30 a.m.
at No. 5, Observatory Villa, Kowloon
A Quantity of
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

On View from Thursday, August 4, 1932.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, July 30, 1932.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON
FRIDAY, August 5, 1932,
commencing at 5.15 p.m.
at their Sales Room,
4, Duddell Street.
A Valuable Collection of
POSTAGE STAMPS.

On View from Thursday, August 4, 1932.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, July 30, 1932.

JUST RECEIVED.

SCHAUBEK STAMP ALBUMS.

THE MEDIUM NORMAL ALBUM
in two volumes.
Europe No. 261 .....$25
Oversea No. 2361 .....$25

THE LITTLE SCHAUBEK
Whole world in one volume.
No. 216 .....$18
No. 222 .....$10

THE YOUTH ALBUM.
No. 235 .....$ 5
No. 236 .....$ 6

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in Postage Stamps, Garden Seeds, Toys, & etc.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of the Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited) of Denmark:—

Krekoryar, from Krasnolarsk.

Linbinghim, Hotel Cecil, from Shanghai.

Mr. Charles Thom, 201-207, Shumshuipo, from Kobe.

Miss Sonia Franck, Thos Cook and Son, from Shanghai.

F. V. JENSEN.
Superintendent.

Hong Kong, July 27, 1932.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the Eastern Extension Telegraph Co.'s office:—

Aljunid, from Singapore Sub.

Dobb, Peninsula Hotel, from Singapore.

Kemps, Hong Kong Hotel, from Berkeley, Cal.

Lewington, care of Thos. Cook & Son, Pedder Street, from Simla.

Sydney Reaks, passenger, Empress of Japan, c/o Cooks, from Rangoon.

C. C. CLARKE,
Manager.

Hong Kong, July 28, 1932.

Churchmen Discuss Spiritualism

"Involves Serious Error" Bishops Believe

NEED FOR GREAT CAUTION

"TOO SOON TO DRAW THE VEIL OF AFTER LIFE."

London, July 12.

The fires of controversy have risen again amongst the people of England concerning the rights and wrongs of spiritualism.

The most authoritative pronouncement on the subject by the Church of England was 12 years ago, when 252 bishops issued an Encyclical stating that

"Spiritualism, tried by the doctrines of the Incarnation and the Cross, is clearly shown to involve serious error. Its adherents are drawn into practices and cults which injure their spiritual life and endanger their loyalty to Christ."

Dr. Pollock, Bishop of Norwich, contributed his personal views in an article published on Saturday.

To-day we present the views of two leading Nonconformist divines: Dr. J. Scott Lidgett, former Moderator of the Federal Council of the Evangelical Free Churches, and Mr. Alfred Ellis, president of the Baptist Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

Now, Dr. J. Scott Lidgett, former Moderator Evangelical Free Churches, says:

"I cannot claim to speak for the Free Churches as a whole in regard to Spiritualism. I have no such official position as would entitle me to do so, nor have any findings on the subject been arrived at, either by representative conferences, which can be treated as expressing a common mind on the subject.

"As is the case, I believe, with the Anglican Church, the subject is under observation, and very varying opinions can be collected in regard to it. I can therefore only express my own view, though I imagine that in giving it I am representing the mind of the majority of thoughtful people among the Free Churches.

"It would be extremely rash to deny the reality of many "psychic" phenomena, for the evidence is overwhelming. Nor can the Christian Churches deny the possibility of communication from the Unseen World without contradicting a good many statements contained in the New Testament that such communications have taken place.

ROOM FOR DECEIT

"Moreover, to assert that such a barrier exists between the Unseen World and the terrestrial as cannot be over-passed is to accept a materialistic view which contradicts the entire philosophy and witness of the Christian Church.

"The phenomena must therefore be studied without prejudice.

"At the same time, as reports show, abundant opportunities exist for all kinds of deception and self-deception in regard of these phenomena. That this is the case is admitted by cautious spiritualists themselves, and is established by much evidence in regard to seances and mediums.

The trade of Spiritualism must be distinguished from the phenomena which have to be explained and may in various ways be exploited by unscrupulous practitioners.

"In addition, there is great danger, lest religious faith should be diverted from its supreme objects—namely, Communion with God—by the mere attempt to substitute intercourse with discarnate spirits.

MAN'S LIMITATIONS

"Furthermore, the conditions under which human life is passed suggest that it is not the will of God that for the present the veil that hides the life beyond should be drawn aside.

"The practical interests of human life, and still more the moral discipline by which its highest values are achieved, demand that the present order of terrestrial life should be accepted with the limitations of man's present environment.

If the Divine purpose in our earthly probation is to be fulfilled, the present life must not be altogether eclipsed by the life to come, although it should be profoundly influenced by its prospect.

Yet the prospect is not that of mere survival, or even of immortal happiness. It is that of spiritual fulfilment in union with God and in fellowship with Him. This is Eternal Life as set forth in the New Testament.

Emphasis, therefore, on mere survival may, and often does, deflect the outlook of spiritualists from the highest spiritual ends of Christian faith.

MUCH TRICKERY

Mr. Alfred Ellis, President of the Baptist Union of Great Britain and Ireland, writes:—

"The loneliness of a soul that has been bereft of one that was the joy and light of life is unutterable. The break seems so absolutely complete, the awful silence that falls is so terrible, that one can but write with tender sympathy concerning those who in such an hour seek comfort by getting into touch in the spirit world, as they believe, with those they have lost.

"In the consideration of this subject, the first question that arises is whether there are such things as spirit manifestations, or whether the whole thing from beginning to end is trickery and deception.

"For my own part (these views are my own and must not be regarded as a pronouncement on behalf of the Baptist Union) I am convinced from the evidence which is forthcoming that although there has been much trickery, there can be, and there are, communications between living persons and the spirit world.

NO NEW THING.

Spiritualism is no new thing. It has its roots in very ancient soil. References to it are found in the classics. Its practice was well known in ancient Egypt and other countries. In the Old Testament Scriptures we read of those who consulted with familiar spirits and necromancers, that is, those who inquire of the dead.

"In the New Testament we read of a damsel possessed with a spirit of divination, who was exploited by persons for commercial gain.

"To anyone who accepts the Holy Scriptures as being the revelation of God, there are found again and again such words as to set him pondering profoundly."

UNENLIGHTENING

In an article written in 1917 the late Sir Arthur Conan Doyle said:

The same circle may assemble with the same medium in the same room under the same physical conditions to meet with utter failure upon the Monday and complete success upon the Tuesday. Still more embarrassing is the fact that the same medium may upon one day deliver a message which proves to be absolutely true, and on the next day, or even in some cases at the same sitting, will deliver another which is a detailed fabrication.

The only reasonable explanation for these disconcerting variations is, in my opinion, that, while earthly conditions are constant, there are conditions unseen to us upon the other side which vary and effect the results.

The sceptic may jeer at the failures, but they are in truth reassuring, for if fraud or unconscious deception were at work there is no reason why it should fail upon one day and succeed upon another.

These are strange words to a thinking mind," says Mr. Ellis. "The Lord Jesus said: 'Ye shall know them by their fruit. Do men gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles? Even so, every good tree bringeth forth good fruit; but a corrupt tree bringeth forth evil fruit. A good tree cannot bring forth evil fruit, neither can a corrupt tree bring forth good fruit."

NOULENS' TRIAL TO BE RESUMED.

Both Recovered From "Strike."

Nanking, Yesterday.

It was officially announced to-day that the trial of Dr. and Mrs. Paul Noulens will be resumed on the morning of August 4.

The Noulens are facing charges of being implicated in Communistic activities. Their trial was begun at Nanking last month, when they asked that the case be heard in Shanghai. The request was refused, and in protest, they refused to answer questions and went on a hunger strike from which they both collapsed and had to be taken to hospital. They have now recovered.—Reuter.

ADMIRAL NOMURA ALMOST WELL.

Lost Eye In Bomb Outrage.

Tokyo, Yesterday.

Admiral Nomura, who lost an eye in the Hongkew Park bombing outrage in Shanghai on April 29, has now left hospital after lengthy treatment.

He has been fitted with a special glass eye, at the expense of the Empress of Japan. On leaving hospital, the Admiral paid a special call on the Emperor and Empress.—Reuter.

LOST AMERICAN CIVILISATION.

Key Sought Among Yucatan Ruins.

GREAT AS EGYPT.

Ancient Culture Of Maya Revealed.

Los Angeles, July 20.

New clues to the fate of a lost American civilisation rivalling Egypt's in glory will be sought among the jungle covered ruins of Calakmul, Maya city just found in Yucatan.

Sculptured on overturned monuments and vine-entangled temples are dates and other records that may reveal the story of the rise and fall of the Maya Empire, which flourished in Central America before the Spaniards came.

Calakmul, just visited by an expedition of the Carnegie Institution under Dr. Sylvanus Morley, is the latest of many great Maya cities to be discovered in the jungles of Yucatan and Guatemala.

The Maya empire flourished there for 1,500 years, from the time of the birth of Christ until the discovery of America.

Calakmul.

In Calakmul archaeologists hope to find why the Maya migrated from Guatemala, leaving their magnificent cities abandoned behind them and built new cities in Yucatan.

Calakmul lies just over the northern Guatemala border in Mexico, midway between the centres of the old empire, which flourished nearly 1,000 years, and the new empire, to which the Mayas migrated between 500 and 700 A.D.

Calakmul was a great religious centre, Dr. Morley reports, for it contains many temples and monuments carved with figures of religious subjects. The site, he says, is of "enormous size."

Two Maya cities, Uaxactum, one of the chief cities in the old empire region, and Chichen Itza, a city of the new empire, are now being excavated and their inscriptions deciphered by Carnegie Institution archaeologists.

Calakmul was a city of the old empire, which centred around a chain of lakes. The Mayas farmed on the slopes of the hills around the lakes.

The swamp water, becoming contaminated, may have caused an epidemic of disease that drove the Mayas from the region, they suggest.

The remnants of the Mayas, who still live in Yucatan, know nothing of their ancestors.

COUNTER MEASURES AGAINST CHINA.

Tokyo, Yesterday.

The Government has not yet been informed of China's decision to withhold Japan's share of the Boxer Indemnity Fund, but if it proves true, it is indicated that Japan is likely to take counter-measures.—Reuter.

THE
HONG HONG
PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONG KONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
PEAK HOTEL;
AND
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL; PALACE HOTEL;
HOTELS,
LIMITED

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking.

MARBLE HALL

81, Nathan Rd., Kowloon.
Tel. 57089.

A Select Private Hotel furnished with an eye to the comfort of its Tenants. Single and double suites of rooms with private bathrooms attached.

NEW MARVEL OF WIRELESS.

Train And 'Plane Telephony.

TALKING AT TOP SPEED.

An experiment to test the possibility of wireless telephonic communication between passengers in trains and aircraft has been successfully carried out.

Messages were sent and received by the northward-bound "Flying Scotsman" and the Imperial Airways liner Heracles, which was flying to Glasgow recently.

At the rear of the Flying Scotsman was attached a standard East Coast brake-van which had been equipped as a wireless receiving and transmitting station with the call signal G 6 FL. For the experiment there was installed a Marconi set, of the standard type used in aircraft, working on a wavelength of 820 metres.

Reception Quite Clear.

The Heracles, piloted by Capt. O. P. Jones, took off from Croydon at an hour after the "Flying Scotsman" left King's Cross, and overtook the train, which was identifiable by its name painted on its roof, shortly before reaching Grantham.

Wireless communication was promptly established, and with the aid of both a loud-speaker and headphones those in the train were able to call and converse with acquaintances in the aircraft while travelling at full speed.

In spite of some interference of aircraft and locomotive noises, the reception was surprisingly clear.

After flying with the train for some forty miles, the Heracles left it at Retford. Communication was, however, maintained for as long as possible, until it grew too faint with increasing distance.

Owing to the exigencies of time, the train had been equipped for the test with a short inside aerial, which limited the distance over which transmission could be effected.

Messages At Five Miles.

Even so, the results obtained were better than had been anticipated. The train proved capable of transmitting messages up to a distance of nearly five miles, and for some time after the Heracles had suggested that further communication would be impossible. Reception from the aircraft continued longer, and was still good when the Heracles switched over to its normal wave-length of 900 metres.

With more powerful apparatus and a suitable aerial it is believed that wireless telephonic communication between trains and aircraft, could be satisfactorily carried on at distance up to fifty miles.

WEAK AND RUN-DOWN MEN

Need The Help of a Real Blood and Nerve Tonic.

In hot climates a man's constitution has to be able to withstand unusual demands. There are few men who can continuously live in these conditions without some time getting run-down. For this reason there has always been a continuous popular demand all over the East for that famous blood and nerve tonic, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Their efficiency has been proved in so many countless cases that they are accepted everywhere as the ideal remedy for hot countries.

When the heat has sapped vitality and thinned the blood, or when fevers have left a man weakened and depressed, the blood-creating, nerve-strengthening properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are just the treatment needed.

Mr. M. Salleh, of Pulau Kemiri, Salak North, F.M.S. recently wrote: "I was weak and run-down and subject to malarial fever for a period of three years. Slight exertion exhausted me and I had pains in my legs. Appetite was bad but I had abnormal thirst. Sleeplessness also added to my miseries. But when I started using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my health gradually returned. Much to my relief my malarial attacks ceased troubling me, strength and appetite returned and I was able to sleep soundly. I cannot sufficiently express my thanks for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are obtainable from chemists and medicine dealers everywhere.

PHOTO - SUPPLIES

Kodaks and Cameras.
Films, Plates and Papers, etc.
Developing, Printing and Enlarging.

ZIESS and BUSCH FIELD GLASSES

Price Moderate.

A Trial Order is Solicited.

A. SEK & CO.

Tel No. 23459.
25A, Des Voeux Road, C.
Hong Kong.

COASTWISE

by
"ALGIE" BENNETT.

An interesting book of Cartoons depicting "Happenings" on the China Coast.

PRICE $1.00.

Now on sale at

BREWERS
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW
EXCELSIOR BOOK STORE,
and at the Publishers
The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd.
China Mail Building.

LLOYD TRIESTINO NAV. CO.

EXPRESS MAIL PASSENGER SERVICE.
For Brindisi, Venice, & Trieste and London (Overland) via Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Suez and Port Said.
NEXT SAILING ..... AUGUST 17th.
S.S. "CONTE ROSSO"

FOR FREIGHT & PASSAGES APPLY TO
DODWELL & CO. LTD.
Queen's Bldg. Tel. 28021.

N.Y.K. LINE

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
TATSUTA MARU ..... Wednesday, 10th August.
TAIYO MARU ..... Wednesday, 24th August.

SEATTLE, VANCOUVER via Shanghai & Japan Ports.
HIYE MARU ..... Tuesday, 30th August.
HEIAN MARU ..... Tuesday, 13th September.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
KATORI MARU ..... Saturday, 6th August.
KASHIMA MARU ..... Saturday, 20th August.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
KITANO MARU ..... Saturday, 27th August.
ATSUTA MARU ..... Saturday, 24th September.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
IYO MARU ..... Thursday, 11th August.
† TOKUSHIMA MARU ..... Monday, 29th August.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
RAKUYO MARU ..... Monday, 8th August.

NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa, & Valencia.
† DELAGOA MARU ..... Thursday, 11th August.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
† MURORAN MARU ..... Monday, 8th August.
† AKITA MARU ..... Monday, 15th August.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
HAKONE MARU ..... Friday, 5th August.
ATSUTA MARU (Nagasaki direct) .. Friday, 19th August.
SUWA MARU ..... Saturday, 20th August.
† Cargo only.

For further information apply to:—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Telephone 30291. (Private exchange to all departments.)

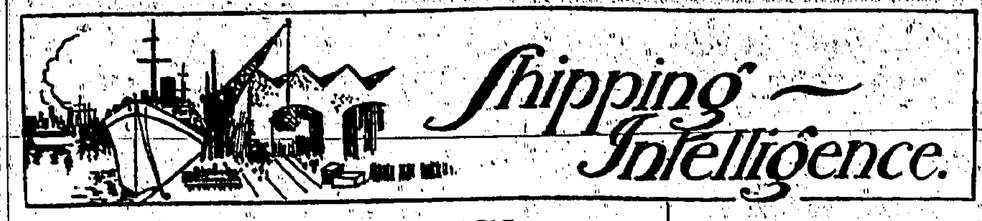
O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP via Singapore, Colombo, Aden, Suez and Port Said.	Atlas Maru	Tue.,	9th Aug.
NEW YORK via Japan, Los Angeles and Panama. Call Direct at Cristobal, Philadelphia and Baltimore.	Kwansai Maru	Fri.,	12th Aug.
RIO-DE-JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AIRES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban, PORT ELIZABETH and Cape Town	†Santos Maru	Thur.,	25th Aug.
MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DARES SALAAM, BEIRA, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH, CAPE TOWN and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS. ..... Via Singapore & Colombo.	Arizona Maru	Sun.,	7th Aug.
BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, WELLINGTON AND AUCKLAND DIRECT	Melbourne Maru ...	Thur.,	4th Aug.
BOMBAY & KARACHI via Singapore BELAWAN DELI, Penang and Colombo	†Celebes Maru	Wed.,	3rd Aug.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Belawan Deli, PENANG and Rangoon			
JAPAN PORTS	Hamburg Maru	Wed.,	3rd Aug.
JAPAN via Takao & Keelung	Batavia Maru	Thur.,	11th Aug.
KEELUNG via Swatow and Amoy (3 p.m. every Sunday)	Hozan Maru	Sun.,	7th Aug.
TAKAO via Swatow and Amoy (Noon, every other Thursday)	Canton Maru	Sun.,	14th Aug.
	Dell Maru	Thur.,	11th Aug.

† Omits ports underlined.

For Further Particulars Please apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
Telephone 28061.



Shipping Intelligence.

Arrivals Of Ships

Friday, July 29.

Kaku Maru, Japanese str., 2,610 tons, Capt. Hatakeyama, from Sakito, buoy No. B26.—M.B.K.

Saturday, July 30.

Anna Maersk, Danish str., 3,346 tons, Capt. L. O. Baerentzen, from Shanghai, Stonecutters Anchorage.—Jebsen & Co.

Linan, British str., 1,356 tons, Capt. L. V. Rowe, from Canton, buoy No. B17.—B. & S.

Mantua, British str., 5,933 tons, Capt. A. H. Hignett, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf.—M.M. & Co.

President Cleveland, American str., 8,393 tons, Capt. G. W. Yardley, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf.—Dollar Line.

Rangoon Maru, Japanese str., 3,637 tons, Capt. I. Kenji, from Singapore, Kowloon Wharf.—N.Y.K.

Sidajoe, Dutch str., 1,000 tons, Capt. H. J. Levaardemaker, from Samarinda, Yaumati Anchorage.—J.C.J.L.

Tonkin, French str., 906 tons, Capt. J. Bonnamour, from Ft. Bayard, buoy No. C1.—M.M.

Yingchow, British str., 1,216 tons, Capt. C. Harris-Walker, from Amoy, buoy No. C2.—B. & S.

Sunday, July 31.

Alster, German str., 5,327 tons, Capt. J. Habben, from Manila, Kowloon Wharf.—Melchers & Co.

Chinhua, British str., 1,353 tons, Capt. D. Williams, from Amoy, buoy No. B3.—B. & S.

Kwangchow, British str., 1,572 tons, Capt. C. Stringer, from Swatow, buoy No. B9.—B. & S.

Ningpo, British str., 1,228 tons, Capt. Brotchie, from Hongay, Taikoo Dock.—B. & S.

New Mathilde, British str., 842 tons, Capt. Mitchell, from Yulin Bay, buoy No. C3.—Yik Tai & Co.

Prosper, Norwegian str., 1,877 tons, Capt. E. D. Knutsen, from Saigon, buoy No. B8.—Lee Fung Heng.

Trave, German str., 4,890 tons, Capt. Emiltom Dieck, from Shanghai, buoy No. A6.—Melchers & Co.

Trier, German str., 5,401 tons, Capt. Jachens, from Shanghai, buoy No. A1.—Melchers & Co.

CLEARANCES.

Sunday, July 31.

Alster, for Shanghai.
Antung for Amoy.
Canton Maru, for Swatow.
Chaksang, for Swatow.
Clara Jebsen, for Saigon.
Hai Hing, for Swatow.
Kamo Maru, for Manila.
Kiangsu, for Swatow.
Mantua, for Singapore.
Rangoon Maru, for Kobe.
Sadajoe, for Whampoa.
Suisang, for Amoy.
Szechuen, for Canton.
Temple Moat, for Sourabaya.
Trier, for Manila.
Tsang Woo, for Saigon.
Yingchow, for Canton.

HARBOUR OFFICE.

Good Freight Figures Recorded.

The Harbour Office Reports for the 24 hours ended 9 a.m. yesterday gave a free movement of vessels with a high tonnage. Freights were up to the mark, both the inwards and throughs reaching five figures. The total tonnage entered was 50,836.

There were 11 inward registries, of which five were British and seven of four figures, while of the nine throughs, two were British and seven of four figures. Two vessels arrived in ballast.

Passengers entered during the period included 85 Europeans and 1,004 Asiatic deck, British vessels carrying 596 out of the total in all classes.

Details follow:—

Nationality	Arr.	H'Kong Cargo Tons	Dep.	Through Cargo Tons
British	8	5,569	5	4,325
American	1	38	—	1,074
Dutch	2	6,388	—	8,311
German	1	10	2	2,985
Danish	2	1,150	1	2,895
Norwegian	1	190	1	—
Japanese	1	1,300	3	3,900
Chinese	—	—	2	—
Total	16	14,645	14	23,490

STEAMERS' MOVEMENTS.

The R.M.S. Empress of Canada arrived at Shanghai on July 31 (Sun.) at 11 a.m., left Shanghai yesterday at 7.30 a.m., and is due at Kobe to-morrow at 6 a.m. She leaves Kobe to-morrow at 4 p.m., and leaves Yokohama on August 5 (Fri.) at 3 p.m.

The m.v. Cingalese Prince from New York sailed from Keelung yesterday, and is expected here to-morrow at daylight.

The R.M.S. Empress of Russia arrived at Shanghai on July 31 (Sun.) at 10.30 a.m., left Shanghai yesterday at 8 a.m., and is due at Hong Kong to-morrow at 9 a.m. She leaves for Manila to-morrow at 8 p.m.

The R.M.S. Empress of Asia arrived at Vancouver yesterday, leaves Vancouver on August 13, and is due at Hong Kong on August 31 morning. She leaves for Manila on August 31 evening.

The E. & A. s.s. Tanda left Manila for this port yesterday with the outward Australian Mails, and is due here on Thursday, August 4, at about daylight. The vessel will proceed first to Taikoo Dock Wall to discharge horses for the Jockey Club.

SEA FLOOR'S TILTS ARE MEASURED.

Japanese Seismologist's Invention.

Existence of a pavement in the earth's surface made of blocks too vast even for fabled Hercules to lift is revealed by a Japanese earthquake instrument named the Ishimoto tiltgraph.

This mechanism is so wonderfully balanced that it measures the tilting motions of the earth's crust.

Geologists have known that immense sections as big as floors 1,000 miles in diameter are rising on one side and dropping on the other. But the tiltgraph shows that the same thing is happening in areas as small as a 100-acre estate.

Discovery of the great pavement in Japan and resulting possibilities of forecasting earthquakes are told in the proceedings of the American Society of Civil Engineers by Dr. Kyoji Suyehiro, one of the most eminent seismologists, he died shortly before this publication of his findings.

The pavement covers the Boso peninsula. It is made of blocks of earth of greater area than New York city and of unknown depth. Its surface pattern is a perfect crazy quilt. Each block moves as a unit.

The tiltgraph shows that each one heaves separately before and after earthquakes. The heaving occurs repeatedly. The blocks tilt toward every point of the compass, but scarcely ever two of them in exactly the same direction.

HONG KONG TIDES.

The time used is Standard, or mean time of the meridian of 120 deg. E.; 00h. is midnight, 12hrs. is noon. The heights are referred to the datum of the largest scale Admiralty chart of the place and should be *added* to the depths given on the chart unless preceded by an asterisk (*), when they should be *subtracted* from the depths.

August 2 to 8, 1932.

Date		High Water Standard Ht. Times.			Low Water Standard Ht. Times.		
	Aug.	H.	M.	F.	H.	M.	F.
Tues.	2	08	45	7.6	01	57	3.3
		22	57	4.2	16	04	0.0
Wed.	3	09	30	7.8	02	43	3.2
		23	25	4.5	16	40	0.1
Thurs.	4	10	13	7.7	03	28	3.0
		23	53	4.7	17	18	0.2
Fri.	5	10	57	7.3	04	15	2.9
		—	—	—	17	55	0.6
Sat.	6	00	24	4.9	05	04	2.7
		11	43	6.9	18	31	1.1
Sun.	7	00	53	5.0	06	00	2.6
		12	30	6.1	19	08	1.6
Mon.	8	01	24	5.1	07	08	2.5
		13	25	5.2	19	42	2.2

CONSIGNEES.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD., COPENHAGEN.

The Motor Vessel,
"JAVA"

having arrived, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., where delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 8th August, 1932, at 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson & Ashe on the 6th August, 1932, at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned before the 11th August, 1932, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hong Kong, 1st August, 1932.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The s.s. "SCOTSCRAIG."

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns and all goods remaining in godowns undelivered after 4.00 p.m. on Friday—August 5, 1932—will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godowns where they will be examined on Thursday—August 4, 1932—by our Surveyors—Messrs. Anderson & Ashe.

All claims must be presented in writing on or before August 23, 1932, otherwise they will not be recognised.

No insurance whatever will be effected on cargo landed in the godowns. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

THE DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE.
Hong Kong, July 29, 1932.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES AND UNDERWRITERS.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

General Average
S.S. "KAMO MARU."

It is hereby notified that s.s. Kamo Maru, with cargo on board from Yokohama, Nagoya and Kobe, touched the breakwater at Miike on 17th July, 1932, and had to deviate to Nagasaki for repairs there, and in consequence thereof, General Average has been declared. The Kamo Maru is expected to arrive here on or about 31st instant.

Consignees of cargo from the aforesaid ports are requested to sign G.A. Bond at our Office and to pay a deposit of, Three (3) per cent. of the valuation of their consignments before Bills of Lading will be countersigned for delivery.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Hong Kong Branch.
Hong Kong, 29th July, 1932.

LLOYD TRIESTINO NAV. CO.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Steamer
"CONTE ROSSO"
From TRIESTE, VENICE, BRINDISI, PORT SAID, BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 3rd August will be subject to rent.

All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 12th August, or they will not be recognised.

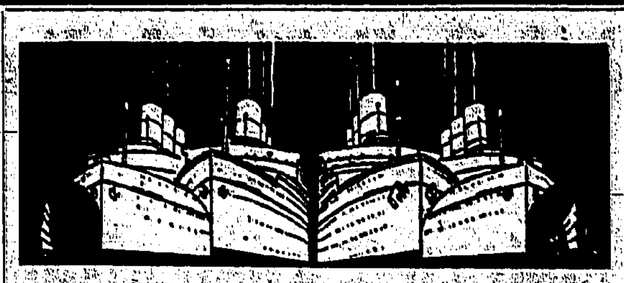
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 3rd August at 10 a.m. by our surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

In the case of dutiable cargo, Consignees are requested to inform the Imports & Exports Office that they have such goods for examination.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bill of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 29th July, 1932.



ARISTOCRATS OF THE PACIFIC
"EMPRESSES"

Offer the Utmost in

SPEED — SIZE — SPACE — LUXURY

AND

SERVICE

	Hong Kong Leave	Shanghai Leave	Nagasaki Leave	Kobe Leave	Yokohama Leave	Honolulu Leave	Vancouver Arrive
Emp. of Russia	Aug. 12	Aug. 15	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Aug. 20	Aug. 27	Sept. 2
Emp. of Japan	Aug. 26	Aug. 29		Aug. 31	Sept. 2	Sept 8	Sept. 13
Emp. of Asia	Sept. 9	Sept. 12	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Sept. 17		Sept. 26
Emp. of Canada	Sept. 23	Sept. 26		Sept. 28	Sept. 30	Oct. 6	Oct. 11
Emp. of Russia	Oct. 7	Oct. 10	Oct. 11	Oct. 13	Oct. 15		Oct. 24
Emp. of Japan	Oct. 21	Oct. 24		Oct. 26	Oct. 28	Nov. 3	Nov. 8
Emp. of Asia	Nov. 4	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 10	Nov. 12		Nov. 21
Emp. of Canada	Nov. 18	Nov. 21		Nov. 23	Nov. 25	Dec. 1	Dec. 6
Emp. of Russia	Dec. 2	Dec. 5	Dec. 6	Dec. 8	Dec. 10		Dec. 19
Emp. of Japan	Dec. 16	Dec. 19		Dec. 21	Dec. 23	Dec. 29	Jan. 8
Emp. of Asia	Dec. 30	Jan. 2	Jan. 3	Jan. 5	Jan. 7		Jan. 16

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

SAILS FOR

MANILA

8 P.M., AUGUST 3rd

CANADIAN PACIFIC

THE WORLD'S LARGEST TRAVEL SYSTEM.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE.
"SARPEDON" 3rd Aug. For Aden, M'lles, L'don, Rotterdam and Glasgow
"MENELAUS" 9th Aug. For London, R'dam, Hull and Hamburg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.
"TEIRESIAS" 27th Aug. For Tripoli, Genoa, Liverpool, Havre and Glasgow
"DARDANUS" 27th Sept. For Tripoli, Genoa, Liverpool, Havre and Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE.
(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA.)
"PROTESILAUS" 4th Aug. For Victoria, Seattle and Vancouver
"IXION" 25th Aug. For Victoria, Seattle and Vancouver

INWARD SERVICE.
"MEMNON" Due 6th Aug. For S'hai, Kobe and Yokohama
"GLAUCUS" Due 7th Aug. From New York

Specially reduced fares are quoted for cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation.

For freight, passage rates and information apply to the undermentioned.

All bookings are subject to the provisions of the Company's Bill of Lading.

Butterfield & Swire.
Agents.

TRAVEL A.-O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (2 days). Thursday Island, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTE : TAIPING (sister ships)

FASTEST and MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE.
ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON and STEWARDESS CARRIED.

Enjoy Your Short Leave in Australia and New Zealand. Hong Kong Sydney—19 Days.

FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, $76 RETURN
" " " " LONDON (via Australia) from £126.15.0.
(Australian Newspapers on file).

STEAMER.	Due Hong Kong.	Leave Hong Kong.	Leave Manila.	Due Sydney.
CHANGTE	Aug. 12	Aug. 13	Aug. 25	Sept. 11.
TAIPING	Sept. 12	Sept. 20	Sept. 22	Oct. 9
CHANGTE	Oct. 14	Oct. 21	Oct. 24	Nov. 9
TAIPING	Nov. 11	Nov. 18	Nov. 21	Dec. 7.

AUSTRALIAN—ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED
Butterfield & Swire, Agents—Hong Kong—Shanghai.

P. & O.-British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S.S.	Tons	From Hong Kong About	Destination.
		1932.	
†*SOUDAN	6,800	6th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles, London, Havre, Hamburg, R'dam, Antwerp & Hull.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	13th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*KIDDERPORE	5,300	24th Aug.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
RANPURA	17,000	27th Aug.	Marseilles & London.
†*BURDWAN	6,500	3rd Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles, London, Havre, Hamburg, R'dam, Antwerp & Hull.
MALWA	11,000	10th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
RANCHI	17,000	24th Sept.	Marseilles & London.
CARTHAGE	14,000	8th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
†*SOMALI	6,800	15th Oct.	Marseilles, London, Havre, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
NALDERA	16,000	22nd Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	5th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
†*BANGALORE	6,500	12th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles, London, Havre H'burg, R'terdam, Antwerp & Hull.
CORFU	15,000	19th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
COMORIN	15,000	3rd Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
†*BHUTAN	6,000	10th Dec.	Bombay, M'seilles, L'don, Havre, H'burg, R'dam, A'werp & Hull
RANPURA	17,000	17th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	31st Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca.

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

		1932.	
†TILAWA	10,000	5th Aug. 3 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALMA	10,000	20th Aug.	
SANTHIA	8,000	5th Sept.	

† Calls at Rangoon.

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South).

		1932.	
TANDA	7,000	2nd Sept.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
NANKIN	7,000	1st Oct.	

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—19 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—

The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and

The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

Cheap Summer Trips to Japan — June to Sept.

		1932.	
†TANDA	7,000	5th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Y'hama.
SANTHIA	8,000	11th Aug.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
MALWA	11,000	11th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
*NOVARA	7,000	18th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
TAKADA	7,000	25th Aug.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
RANCHI	17,000	25th Aug.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
*SOMALI	6,800	8th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
SIRDHANA	8,000	8th Sept.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
CARTHAGE	14,000	8th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
NALDERA	16,000	22nd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
*BANGALORE	6,500	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	7th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
CORFU	15,000	21st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
*BHUTAN	6,000	2nd Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
COMORIN	15,000	4th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
RANPURA	17,000	18th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
MALWA	11,000	26th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	2nd Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
RANCHI	17,000	16th Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
CARTHAGE	14,000	30th Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

* Cargo only. † Calls Nagoya.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans or Punka Louvre System.

Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Lyophiles.

Parcels measuring not more than 5 cu. ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further information, rates of Passage, Freight, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
P. & O. Building, Connaught Rd. C., Hong Kong. Agents.

SHIP COSTING £6,000 PER FOOT.

Luxury Liner May Never See Sea.

Known as "the ship that is costing £6,000 a foot," the French super-liner T. 6, is making fairly rapid progress at the St. Nazaire shipyard. This vessel is practically identical in size with the 72,000-ton Cunarder which has been lying idle on the stocks at Clydebank since work was suspended last December.

The motives which prompted the Cie. Generale Transatlantique to embark on the construction of their giant ship are far from comprehensible, for her design is such as would appear to render any profitable working of the vessel impossible even under normal economic conditions. Her passenger accommodation represents the last word in luxury, for space has been ruthlessly sacrificed to give the individual voyager a quite abnormal amount of room.

It is understood that her total passenger capacity is extraordinarily limited in proportion to her size. In this case fares would apparently be correspondingly high, yet the current tendency, exemplified in the recent drastic cuts made in passenger rates on the North Atlantic route, is to reduce rather than increase the cost of luxury accommodation in ships plying between Europe and the States.

"Blue Riband" Hope.

British shipping experts are satisfied that the new French liner cannot possibly pay her way even under the most favourable conditions. Her first cost is estimated at 770 million francs, while the fuel bill for driving her at 30 knots from Havre to New York will be enormous. The length is stated to be 1,020 feet and the breadth 117 feet, "outsize" dimensions which must complicate still further the berthing and docking process on both sides of the Atlantic.

Thanks to the loan granted by the French Treasury early in the year, work on the T 6 is proceeding steadily and her launch is expected to take place before the autumn. She is scheduled to sail on her maiden voyage at the opening of the North Atlantic spring season in 1934 when her owners are hopeful that she will capture the "blue riband" from the Bremen and Europa and retain it against the challenge of the two Italian superliners which will also be in service by then.

On the other hand, the singular circumstances in which this great ship is being built are such that doubts are freely expressed in international shipping circles as to whether she will ever be seen afloat.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

SAIGON-MARSEILLES AIR MAIL SERVICES.

Letters will be accepted for transmission by the above-mentioned Air Mail Service to the destinations specified. Registered letters may be sent by the service but not insured letters.

The rates charged will be the regular postage rate plus the special air mail premium as indicated in the following table:—

Destination	Charge Rate per ½ ounce
Saigon/Marseilles Air Mail Service	
Siam (Bangkok)	$0.15
Burma (Rangoon)	0.25
Persia (Djask)	0.75
Iraq (Bagdad)	0.95
Palestine (Beyrouth)	1.05
Greece (Athens)	1.20
Italy (Naples)	1.35
France (Marseilles)	1.35
Great Britain and Irish Free State (London)	1.35
Europe, other countries (Marseilles for onward transmission by rail)	1.35

The air mail for each country will be landed at the place named in brackets.

Letters will be despatched fortnightly by the French Mail steamers scheduled to connect at Saigon with the Air Mail. As the Air Mail Service is weekly other vessels if available will be used in intervening weeks.

Letters for this route should be marked "Saigon-Marseilles Air Service" and handed in at the G.P.O. or Kowloon Post Office.

The first mail will be despatched per s.s. "General Metzinger" on August 2, 1932.

Mails can now be forwarded to Europe via Siberia.

Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2.
Shanghai and Swatow ..... Kwangtung
Saigon ..... Porthos
Japan and Shanghai ..... General Metzinger
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3.
Europe via Negapatam (Letters only, London, July 7) ..... Hongkheng
Amoy ..... Tilawa
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver, B.C., July 16) ..... Empress of Russia
Australia and Manila ..... Tanda
THURSDAY, AUGUST 4.
Japan ..... Melbourne Maru
FRIDAY, AUGUST 5.
Europe via Negapatam (Papers only, London, July 7) ..... Hakone Maru
Manila ..... President Cleveland
Shanghai ..... Soudan
Japan ..... Rakuyo Maru
Straits ..... Hakone Maru
Japan and Shanghai ..... Katori Maru
Japan and Shanghai ..... Tatsuta Maru
London (Parcels only, London, June 30) .... Memnon

OUTWARD MAILS.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2.

Sandakan		Hinsang	3.30 p.m.
Samshui and Wuchow		Kong Ning	4 p.m.
Swatow and Amoy		Cremer	5 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3.			
Swatow		Kwaisang	8.30 a.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & Europe via Marseilles		Sarpedon (Due Marseilles, Sept. 2.)	
K.P.O.		G.P.O.	
Registration	Aug. 3, 1 p.m.	Registration	Aug. 3, 1.45 p.m.
Letters	1 p.m.	Letters	2.30 p.m.
Amoy		Tsinan	3.30 p.m.
Manila		Empress of Russia	5 p.m.

(Continued on Next Column).

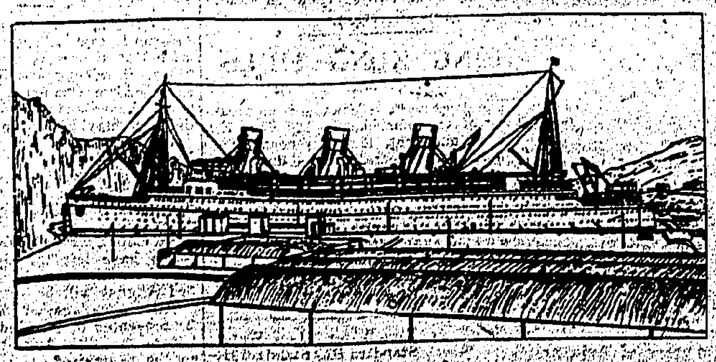
THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.,

HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS:

Telegrams: "MANIFESTO, HONG KONG." KOWLOON, HONG KONG Telephones: HONG KONG OFFICE 28020. KOWLOON DOCK 58053.

DOCK OWNERS, SHIP DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS, MARINE AND LAND ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON, STEEL, AND BRASS FOUNDERS, FORGE MASTERS, WELDERS AND ELECTRICIANS.

On Lloyds list of approved Cast Steel Manufacturers.



Harbour Call Flags Engineer "K." Boilermaker "V." Shipwright "L."

T.S.S. "EMPRESS OF JAPAN."

In No. 1 Dock. Dimensions:—646'6" O.A. x 85'6" x 45'6" Mld. 26,000 tons Gross.

The Company possesses Six Granite Docks and Two Patent Slipways.

The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700'0" x 85'0" x 29'0" over sill H.W. O.S.T.

Railway "Y" "Timely Kowloon." 2,000 I.H.P. Wireless Call Signal V.P.H.T. and Flag Call Signal T.H.D.R. Sheerlegs capable of lifting 50 tons.

Codes Used: A1 A.B.C. Fifth Edition: Engineering First and Second Edition Western Union, Bentley and Watkins.

Kindly send enquiries to the Chief Manager.

E. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Kowloon.

Weekly Sailings Transpacific

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & NEW YORK via PANAMA.
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays.

Pres. McKinley	Aug. 16	Pres. Cleveland	Aug. 6, 1 a.m.
Pres. Grant	Aug. 30	Pres. Taft	Aug. 20
Pres. Lincoln	Sept. 13	Pres. Jefferson	Sept. 3

TO SEATTLE and VICTORIA.
Fortnightly sailings on Saturdays.

ROUND TRIP FARES TO EUROPE & AMERICA.

Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada, liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing. Full particulars upon application.

Fortnightly via Suez to Europe & America

Fortnightly sailings on Sundays via Manila, Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

	8 a.m.		8 a.m.
Pres. Hayes	Aug. 7	Pres. Monroe	Sept. 4
Pres. Pierce	Aug. 21	Pres. Van Buren	Sept. 18

TO MANILA

Next Sailing, Pres. Hayes . . Aug. 7, 8 a.m.

Pres. McKinley	Aug. 9	Pres. Pierce	Aug. 21
Pres. Taft	Aug. 13	Pres. Grant	Aug. 23

CONNECTING WITH S.S. MAYON TO CEBU, ILOILO. ZAMBOANGA.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AMERICAN MAIL LINE

CANTON BRANCH—No. 4, Shakee Street.

BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE

EXPRESS SERVICE TO NEW YORK
Via
SAN FRANCISCO—LOS ANGELES, PANAMA.

NEXT SAILING.

M.V. "TAI SHAN"

on AUGUST 18th.

ALL VESSELS HAVE EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 12 PASSENGERS.

	Time in Transit.	Fares.
Hong Kong to San Francisco	25 Days	G$200.00
Hong Kong to Los Angeles	26 „	G$220.00
Hong Kong to New York	42 „	G$325.00

FOR FREIGHT AND PASSENGER INFORMATION APPLY TO

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Queen's Buildings. Telephone 28021. Agents.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4.

*Japan and *Canada	(Due Victoria B.C., August 29.)	
	Protesilaus	10.30 a.m.
Australia and New Zealand via Brisbane	Melbourne Maru (Due Brisbane, Aug. 17.)	
	Parcels	Aug. 4, 2 p.m.
	Registration	2.45 p.m.
	Letters	3.30 p.m.
Swatow	Hydranges	3 p.m.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 5.		
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiching	1 p.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Hakone Maru	3.30 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & *Europe via Victoria, B.C.	President Cleveland (Due Victoria, B.C. Aug. 23.)	
	Parcels	Aug. 5, 3 p.m.
	Registration	4.15 p.m.
	Letters	5 p.m.
*Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & Europe via Marseilles	Katori Maru (Due Marseilles, Sept. 5.)	
K.P.O.	G.P.O.	
Registration Aug. 5, 4.30 p.m.	Registration	Aug. 5, 3.45 p.m.
Letters Aug. 5, 5 p.m.	Letters	5.30 p.m.

* Superscribed Correspondence only.

Gangsters Fire On Foe's Family

Victim Determined To Exact Vengeance

DAUGHTER WOUNDED

BUT FATHER WON'T DIVULGE ASSAILANTS' IDENTITY.

New York, July 19.

Charles "Vannie" Higgins, one of the most notorious figures in New York's underworld, is lying in a Methodist hospital in Brooklyn with bullet wounds in the back and abdomen from which the physicians say he has only a slight chance of recovering.

Higgins, who admitted that he knew the identity of his assailants, voiced his determination to "pull through" to exact vengeance on his attackers, who in their desire to "put him on the spot" inflicted a slight wound on his seven-year-old daughter Jean and endangered his wife and mother-in-law.

Higgins and his family were leaving the Brooklyn Elks Club early this morning after attending a dancing-school recital in which Jean had participated, when two motor-cars containing eight gangsters pulled up to the kerb and a volley of rifle shots followed.

Higgins, who was walking with his daughter, pushed her back towards the women and ran down the pavement, apparently trying to draw the fire away from them.

Shot Through Ear.

In the confusion Jean ran for the family car and succeeded in getting inside, although a bullet pierced one of her ears before she threw herself to the floor. Her father meanwhile had run nearly 50 yards, pursued by the assailants' cars, before he fell.

In the excitement no one thought to take the numbers of the cars, which sped away as Higgins fell.

Mrs. Higgins and her mother had darted into the club-house at the first shots and escaped injury, but Higgins expressed the opinion that the attackers had tried to "get" the whole family. When the police told him he had only one chance in a hundred of recovering, he still refused to give any information, saying, "The rats tried to wipe out my whole family," adding, when the question persisted, "Never mind, I'll get out of this and attend to them."

He had always taken care to shield his family from the danger his underworld power involved, seldom going out with them, and, when he did, he kept his movements secret.

An attempt to reach him by telephone during the recital had failed, but by it the rival gangsters had apparently made certain he was in the building, and lay in wait until he left.

Never Imprisoned.

Although frequently arrested for various crimes arising from his rumrunning operations Higgins was never imprisoned, and the charges, ranging from simple thefts and assaults to homicide, were invariably dropped after a few days.

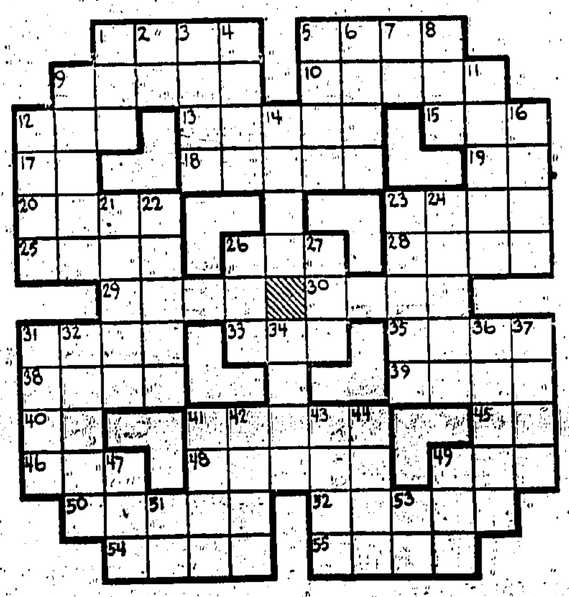
His only defeats in his battles with the law occurred in New Jersey, where last year he was twice fined, one for disturbing the peace and on the other occasion for driving an automobile while intoxicated.

He bore numerous scars from encounters with rival gangsters, including severe knife wounds inflicted in a night club last year. When in 1928 he was arrested for carrying a pistol he charged the police with persecuting him, whereat the police countered with a confidential report on his activities, including the assertion that he owned the fastest rum-running boat in New York waters, as well as a seaplane, lorries, taxi-cabs, and night clubs.

He was indicted with seventeen others, including a police chief at Long Beach, Long Island, for conspiring to smuggle liquor, but, with most of the other defendants, was acquitted.

DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as harbor, plow, and altho.)



HORIZONTAL
1-Make a misstep
5-Fur-bearing animal
9-Moon goddess
10-Relieved
12-A pastry
13-River in Italy
15-A pat
17-Indefinite article
18-Scents
19-Musical note
20-Dispatched
22-A vegetable
25-Largest plant
26-Corroded
28-Language of Scottish Highlanders
29-Couple
30-Girl's name
31-Wiest
33-A color
35-Man's name
36-Chasms
38-A region locally famous as flax

HORIZONTAL (Cont.)
40-Near
41-Stocky parts of plants
45-Prefix. From
46-Pronoun
48-Weird
49-Guilded
50-Rescues
52-Small candle
54-Sour
55-Epochs

VERTICAL
1-Bind
2-Egyptian sun-god
3-T#, so-in
4-Ramuneratea
5-A beverage
6-Part of the head (pl.)
7-Because
8-Common
9-Railway estimates
11-Tropical fruit (pl.)

VERTICAL (Cont.)
12-Gone by
14-A vessel
16-Nip
21-A kingdom between Tibet and India
22-Lacerates
23-To harass
24-Rub out
25-Science
27-An eagle
31-Mineral springs
32-Affidavits
34-Affirm
36-A viper
37-Employed
41-One who forstells events
42-Examine
43-Small particle
44-Wither
47-Consume
49-The (Fr.)
51-A southern State (abbr.)
53-Father

(The solution of the above new cross-word puzzle will appear in to-morrow's issue.)

QUEER FACTS ABOUT THE EMPIRE.

Falkland Islands Are "Healthiest."

WILDERNESS POST OFFICE.

Debt Position Varies In Two Hemispheres.

Where is the healthiest part of the British Empire? The Falkland Islands! The death rate there per thousand, according to the latest official figures, in 1930 was only 8.4 Australia and New Zealand ran it close with 8.6 each.

Then came the Cayman Islands with 9.0 and South Africa with 9.7. The United Kingdom and Canada have little between them, the former having a death rate of 11.7 and Canada a rate of 11.0.

The unhealthiest place was Mauritius with a death rate per thousands of 35.4. The birth trade in Mauritius was only 31.5. The Cayman Islands, on the other hand, had over three times as many births as deaths per thousand.

In most of the constituent parts of the British Empire the birth rate was down as compared with 1924.

The lowest rate was 15.5 in the Zanzibar Protectorate. Then came Jersey with 16.3 and the United Kingdom with 16.8.

Basutoland Banking

A compendious production called "Statistical Abstract of the British Empire," got out by the Board of Trade, gives these figures and a very great deal more information about the countries and peoples and trade of the British Commonwealth.

If even tells you, if you care to look it up, how much the depositors of Swaziland and Basutoland have standing to their credit in the Post Office—Savings—Bank—there.

I did look it up, and discovered that in 1930 there were 588 depositors in Swaziland with £2,438 in the bank. But they withdrew £2,068 during the year.

Basutoland deposited £8,642 in 1929. But it withdrew, according to the report, £14,846 Basutoland's figures for 1930 cannot be stated, says the report.

The Post Office Savings Bank, or a Government Savings Bank exists in every part of the Empire—and does good business.

Public Debts

The total public debts of the United Kingdom and Canada have shown a steady decline since 1924. The U.K. debt from £7,646,371,788 to £7,529,672,466, and that of Canada from £579,269,230 to £536,554,616.

The debt of the Australian Commonwealth increased from £950,287,355 to £1,100,697,198. Nearly £140,000,000 of that increase was incurred by the individual States.

With the exception of the Irish Free State the Dominions all show a substantial increase in population in the 1930 census, for which the figures are estimated, as compared with the 1921 census. The figures are:

	1921	1930
Canada	8,788,843	10,353,778
Australia	5,435,734	6,476,032
South African	6,928,580	8,072,800
New Zealand	1,218,913	1,438,239

The population of the Free State declined from 2,971,992 to 2,945,000.

Trade between the Empire and foreign countries in 1930 represented 74.0 per cent. of the total, leaving 26 per cent. for inter-Imperial trade. The largest figure of inter-Imperial trade for the seven years under review was in 1924, when the percentage was 27.

CAT'S TRAVELS.

Baraboo, Wis., July 20.

Three weeks after R. A. Heitzman had taken a cat away from her kittens and presented it to a friend living at White Creek, 35 miles away, the cat returned voluntarily to the Heitzman home.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

RHODES LECTURER ON BREAKDOWN OF GOLD

World Heading For A Catastrophe.

APPALLING LACK OF INSIGHT.

Professor Gustav Cassel, in the last of his Rhodes memorial lectures, at Oxford, dealt with the breakdown of the gold standard.

From 1929, he said, the United States and France began to draw gold to themselves to a quite disproportional extent, with the result of an extraordinary maldistribution of the world's monetary gold reserves.

The payment of war debts in conjunction with the unwillingness to receive payment in the normal form of goods led to unreasonable demands on the world's monetary gold stocks and the claimants failed to use in a proper way the gold that they had accumulated.

"The fact that France and the United States have drawn disproportionate quantities of gold to themselves," he continued, "is certainly very disquieting, but the defence that is offered for this behaviour is still more appalling. We have constantly been told, even by authors whom the largest American banks have chosen as their authorities, that America has no superfluity of gold, but really requires all she has got as 'cover' for her means of payment, and that it is only natural that the American stock of gold should increase in proportion to the deposits of American banks.

"If this is really the view of those responsible for American monetary policy the outlook for the future of the international gold standard system is dark indeed."

France's Plea.

In France, he continued, it was said that France had not deliberately drawn gold to herself, and all responsibility for the tremendous accumulation of gold in the Banque de France was emphatically rejected. A closer examination of the defence offered for the French accumulation of gold shows, however, that to a great extent it ultimately fell back upon quoting the existing monetary laws and organisation as an excuse for the shortcomings in the country's monetary policy.

If France accustomed herself to look upon her present gold reserves as corresponding to a normal need, and if such holdings should come to be regarded as a standard for other countries, the gold supplies of the world would be utterly insufficient for meeting the demand, and maintenance of an international gold standard would be impossible.

A general condition for the restoration of an international gold standard system was that for the futur definite guarantees should be g n for sincere co-operation towards the stabilisation of the value of gold.

Everybody who gave serious attention to these conditions would recognise that they could hardly be expected to be fulfilled within a very short time. The paper countries must, therefore, be prepared for continuing the use of paper standards for years, if not for ever. They had already shown that they were able to secure for these standards a fairly stable purchasing power in terms of commodities. This fact should be made the starting-point for a policy by which the paper countries should control, in their common interest, the commodity value of their currencies.

Naturally, Great Britain should take the lead in such a co-operation between the paper countries. Indeed, England had no choice in this matter.

If a group of paper countries was formed under the leadership of Great Britain it was natural that within this group a greater freedom of trade should be established than prevailed in the rest of the world. In this way a possibility would open itself for an economic recovery within a very important part of the commercial world.

Protection Of The Pound.

[illegible] England a huge fund had been voted for what was described as the "protection of the pound." [illegible] clear conception even of the fundamental principles upon which this fund was to be used. The most probable effect of this Equalisation Fund was that British resources would be used for supporting the dollar—a rather risky undertaking which might easily lead to considerable losses.

At the same time there was in England, as in other paper countries, a strong desire to keep the exchange value of the currency so low in comparison with its internal value as to secure for the country an advantage in its international trade. That was, of course, a policy in contradiction to all endeavours for establishing stability in international monetary relations.

Even the old idolatry of gold reserves was adhered to and efforts were being made to increase these [illegible] without regard to the fundamental interest of the world's economy in reducing the value of gold.

Wherever in the world we look for stability, Professor Cassel concluded, we only find an appalling lack both of insight and resolution.

HONG KONG MARKET PRODUCE.

APPROXIMATE RETAIL PRICES

Butcher Meat.

			July 20, 1932. Cts.	June, 1918. Cts.	June, 1914. Cts.
Beef Sirloin	牛尾把	lb.	34	24	12
„ Prime Cut		„	30	28	11
„ Corned	鹹牛肉	„	40	23	12
„ Roast	燒牛肉	„	34	24	22
„ Breast	牛腩	„	32	20	18
„ Soup	湯肉	„	28	20	18
„ Steak	牛排	„	34	24	22
„ Steak Sirloin	牛柳腰	„	46	30	35
„ Sausages	牛腸	„	36	26	20
Bullock's Brains	牛腦	per set	17	10	12
„ Tongue, fresh	牛脷	each	80	50	60
„ Tongue, corned	鹹牛脷	„	1.00	60	—
„ Head	牛頭	„	1.60	—	$1.20
„ Heart	牛心	lb.	24	18	14
„ Hump, Salt	牛肩峰	„	—	20	18
„ Feet	牛腳	each	12	10	12
„ Kidneys	牛腰	„	15	10	12
„ Tail	牛尾	„	27	20	23
„ Liver	牛肝	lb.	26	18	14
„ Tripe	牛肚	„	8	6	7
Calves' Head & Feet	牛仔頭腳	set	$1.50	$1.00	$1.00
Mutton Chop	羊排	lb.	60	26	—
„ Leg	羊腿	„	60	26	—
„ Shoulder	羊手肘	„	60	24	—
„ Saddle	羊鞍	„	60	—	—
Pig's Chitlings	豬腸	„	30	27	—
„ Brains	豬腦	Per set	4	—	—
„ Feet	豬腳	lb.	18	15	—
„ Fry	豬什	„	30	15	18
„ Head	豬頭	„	20	20	—
„ Heart	豬心	each	18	10	10
„ Kidneys	豬腰	„	14	10	8
„ Liver	豬肝	lb.	50	30	24
Pork Chop	排骨	„	36	25	23
„ Leg	豬後腿	„	38	—	—
„ Loin	豬腰肉	„	42	60	70
„ Fat or Lard	豬油	„	22	21	—
Sheep's Head & Feet	羊頭腳	Per set	90	60	70
„ Heart	羊心	each	12	8	7
„ Kidneys	羊腰	„	15	12	10
„ Liver	羊肝	„	45	26	25
Sucking Pigs, to order	乳豬	lb.	25	25	22
Suet, Beef	牛油	„	34	20	18
„ Mutton	羊油	„	55	26	25
Veal	牛仔肉	„	45	20	20
„ Sausages	牛仔腸	„	28	—	—
„ „ No. 1		„	38	—	—

Fish.

Barbel	鮫扇魚	lb.	52	16	24
Bream	鯛魚	„	26	20	16
Canton Fresh Water Fish	省城淡水魚塘鯉	„	28	—	—
Carp	鯉魚	„	30	13	16
Catfish	鯰魚	„	30	16	27
Codfish	鱈魚	„	32	12	9
Crabs	蟹	„	65	15	24
Cuttle Fish	墨魚	„	26	23	26
Dab		„	26	16	27
Dace	黃尾肚	„	54	23	16
Dog Fish	鯊魚	„	20	10	—
Eels, Conger	海鰻	„	70	10	8
„ Fresh Water	淡水鰻	„	75	16	—
„ Yellow	黃鱔	„	50	10	8
Frogs	田雞	„	70	26	30
Garoupa	石斑	„	1.00	32	25
Gudgeon	白鯽	„	24	40	30
Herrings	鯖魚	„	38	22	18
Halibut	偏口	„	40	13	23
Labrus	青衣	„	42	18	15
Loach	黃鱔	„	84	22	18
Lobsters	龍蝦	„	75	52	34
Mackerel	花[illegible]	„	45	32	21
Monk Fish	鮟鱇公	„	48	20	20
Mullet	烏頭	„	40	13	2
Oysters	蠔	„	45	12	2
Parrot Fish	鸚哥魚	„	35	14	9
Perch	鱸魚	„	30	30	15
Pike	花斑魚	„	48	16	9
Plaice	白鰈	„	58	36	29
Pomfret, White	白鯧	„	55	33	30
Pomfret, Black	黑鯧	„	40	36	45
Prawns	蝦	„	90	10	14
Ray	魟魚	„	24	10	14
Rock Fish	石斑	„	28	13	13
Roach	禾花魚	„	36	22	10
Salmon	鮭魚	„	75	36	30
Shark	沙魚	„	20	8	10
Skate	虹魚	„	20	10	10
Shrimps	蝦	„	52	33	30
Snapper	立魚	„	50	33	30
Soles	龍利魚	„	50	22	28
Tench	丁魚	„	40	20	58
Turbot	左口魚	„	36	12	12
Turtles, small fr. water	龍龜	„	1.00	12	12

Poultry.

			July 20, 1932. Cts.	June, 1918. Cts.	June, 1914. Cts.
Chicken	雞	lb.	64	30	31
Capons, Small	線雞	„	64	28	30
Capons, Large	肥閹雞	„	68	28	30
Duck	鴨	„	48	22	21
Doves	斑鳩	each	40	22	21
Eggs, Hen (cooking)	雞蛋	per doz.	36	18	—
Eggs, Hen (fresh)	新鮮雞蛋	„	35	25	20
Fowls, Canton	本地雞	lb.	30	36	24
Fowls, Hainan	海南雞	„	60	35	24
Geese	鵝	„	48	24	24
Pigeons, Canton	白鴿	each	40	30	—
„ Hoihow	海口鴿	„	35	29	—
Turkeys, Cock	火雞公	lb.	75	—	—
Turkeys, Hen	火雞	„	70	61	45
Snipe	沙鷸	each	30	—	—
Pheasant	山雞	pair	2.80	—	—
Quail	鶴鶉	each	—	—	—
Partridges	鷓鴣	„	—	—	—

Fruits.

Almonds	杏仁	lb.	90	35	—
Apples (California)	金山蘋菓	„	26	26	—
Bananas (bride's)	富山香蕉	„	7	4	—
Carambola	楊桃	„	—	12	—
Coconuts	椰子	each	14	10	10
Lemons, China	檸檬	lb.	20	25	30
Lemons (American)	金山檸檬	each	12	8	—
Lichees, Dried	荔枝干	lb.	1.00	25	30
Oranges (Canton)	新會甜橙	„	—	—	—
Oranges	橙	„	—	—	15
Pears (Canton)	沙梨	„	—	—	—
Peanuts	花生	„	14	10	12
Persimmons, Large	紅柿	„	—	12	—
Plaintain	大蕉	„	5	8	—
Pumelo, Siam	暹羅柚	each	18	12	6
Walnuts	合桃	lb.	30	—	10
Grapes	葡萄子	„	90	—	—

Vegetables, Etc.

Artichokes	鴨芝竹	each	—	—	2
Beans, Sprout	芽菜	lb.	6	—	7
„ Long	青豆角	„	12	—	8
Beet Root	紅頭	„	16	—	—
Bitter Squash	苦瓜	„	8	24	—
Brinjals, Green	青瓜	„	8	5	8
„ Red	紅瓜	„	6	5	8
Cabbage, Chinese	芥菜	„	14	—	—
„ (Shanghai)	上海菜	„	30	12	—
Cane Shoots, bunch	蘇笋	„	10	—	—
Cauliflower (Large)	大椰菜花	each	—	—	—
„ (Medium)	中椰菜花	„	—	—	—
„ (Small)	細椰菜花	„	—	6	6
Carrots	金笋	lb.	8	5	6
Celery, Chinese	清奧菜	„	—	10	6
Chillies, Dried	辣椒干	„	18	25	5
„ Red	紅辣椒	„	15	10	10
„ Green	青花椒	„	8	8	12
Curry Stuff, English	架厘材料	„	10	8	—
Cucumbers	清瓜	„	6	2	—
Garlic	蒜子頭	„	6	6	—
Ginger, Young	老薑	„	10	7	—
„ Old	老薑	„	8	20	—
Horseradish, Shanghai		„	60	8	4
Indian Corn	粟米	each	8	45	—
Lettuce	嫩生菜	lb.	10	1	—
Water Chestnuts	馬蹄	„	12	—	8
„ Mandarin	桂林馬蹄	„	14	—	8
Mushrooms, Fresh	鮮草菰	„	50	—	—
Okroes		„	20	1	10
Onions, Bombay	意頭	„	10	8	8
„ Green	生蔥	„	6	4	6
„ Shanghai	上海蔥頭	„	8	6	—
Parsley	芹菜	„	35	60	8
Potato, Sweet	番薯	„	5	3	—
„ Japanese	日本薯仔	„	—	3	—
„ American	金山薯仔	„	8	3	—
Pumpkin	多瓜	„	5	4	4
Radish	紅蘿蔔仔	„	—	—	—
Rhubarb (Fresh)	大[illegible]菜	„	—	—	10
Shallots	干蔥頭	„	12	—	8
Spinach	菠菜	„	6	8	—
Tomatoes	番茄	„	16	4	—
Taros	芋	„	8	6	—
Turnips, Puntl. (Long)	蘿蔔	„	8	4	—
Vegetable Marrow	毛瓜	„	6	4	—
Water Cress	西洋菜	„	15	15	—
Water Lily Root	蓮藕	„	8	15	—

WOMAN'S HAIR THAT TURNED GREEN.

Judge In Dilemma Fixing Damages.

London, July 1.

A woman who complained that her hair turned green after she had it dyed at a hairdresser's was awarded £27 damages and costs by Judge Dumas at Clerkenwell County Court.

The judge, making his award, said it was difficult to assess damage to a woman's hair in these days. At one time a woman's hair was her glory, and she was probd to sit on her long tresses.

Now her hair was cut short, bobbed, and shingled, and generally maltreated.

Mrs. Laura James, who claimed £50 damages, said she went to a hairdresser's to have her hair waved and dyed to two shades darker than ash blonde.

Her husband said when he saw her in the park after she had been to the hairdresser's her hair was green and black with red patches.

It remained unsightly for several months. She would not go out or take her hat off. Instead of having a seaside holiday they retired to the quiet of a country cottage.

Miss Margaret Harker said Mrs. James was in her service as housekeeper. The hair turned green all over at first and later it had red patches. She took Mrs. James off serving at table and answering the door.

The defence was that the dye was properly applied after expert advice.

It was suggested that any defect in regard to colouring that resulted was due to Mrs. James previously applying peroxide and ammonia to her hair.

NOW HERE!! NOW HERE!!
BUY YOUR
HONG KONG
DOLLAR
DIRECTORY
From the Offices of the Publishers,
3A, WYNDHAM STREET.

The China Mail.
EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION
HONG KONG, TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1932.

THE GREAT CHINA TREASURE
光華珠寶玉石公司
IF You require JADE, JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, PEARLS, CURIOS, IVORY, GOLD or SILVER WARE come to us, as we are the biggest dealers and our stocks are the best in Hong Kong.
A Trial is solicited.
54A, Queen's Road C. Tel. 27684.

KING'S THEATRE
BOOKING AT THE THEATRE T. 25313. | SHOWING TO-DAY. | AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.
MAURICE CHEVALIER

One Hour With You
AN ERNST LUBITSCH PRODUCTION
A Paramount Picture
with
JEANETTE MacDONALD.
GENEVIEVE TOBIN
CHARLES RUGGLES
ROLAND YOUNG
PRICES AS USUAL.

ORIENTAL THEATRE
FLEMING ROAD, WANCHAI. | TO-DAY ONLY | BOOKING TEL. No. 28473.
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.
MAURICE CHEVALIER
engages you in a game of mirthful marital didoes in
"One Hour with You"
A Paramount Picture
AN ERNST LUBITSCH PRODUCTION

with Jeanette MACDONALD.
Genevieve Tobin
Charles Ruggles — Roland Young.

MAJESTIC
TO-DAY TO THURSDAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.
BUTTERFLY WU
IN
"HAPPY STARS"
A CHINESE TALKING & SINGING COMEDY WITH ENGLISH TITLES.
NEXT CHANGE
CONSTANCE BENNETT
in
"THE COMMON LAW"

PROTECTION FOR WOMEN.

YEAR'S WORK OF PO LEUNG KUK.

The Po Leung Kuk Society, founded in 1878, has just issued the report for the year of its work of protection of Chinese women and children of the Colony. Its year, both in the matter of finances and results obtained, has been most gratifying.

The following will serve on the managing committee for the ensuing year:—

Messrs. Tam Woon-tong, Au Shiu-cho, Ho I-cheong, Lam Kau-mau, Chan Kam-po, Lai Tai-kai, Lam Yam-chuen, Chan Kim-tong, Ip King-fan, Iu Tak-chung, and Chan Hing-wa.

BRITON ESTABLISHES WORLD RECORD.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Zabala, the Argentine runner who holds the American record for the 10,000-Metres with a time of 31 mins. 26.3/5 secs., was considered a very likely winner of the Olympic event, but Kusokynski, the Polish runner, returned the much better time of 30 mins. 11.4/10 secs. to win the Olympic event yesterday. At Amsterdam in 1928 Paavo Nurmi won in 30 mins. 18.4/5 secs. This year the "Flying Fynn" was suspended and was unable to defend his title.

Leo Sexton won the Shot Put as expected, but he did not exceed his world's record distance of 52ft. 8⅝ins., tossing the weight only 52ft. 6.3/16ins. He broke the previous record, held by E. Hirschfeld (Germany), with his former effort. His second effort, however, broke the Olympic record.

McNaughton, the Canadian high jumper, beat the 1928 Amsterdam record of R. King (U.S.A.) by 1.2/8ins. Britain's only challenger in this event was W. A. Land, who could only just manage 6ft. 3ins. As he is only 18 now, more may yet be heard of him.

Mildrid Didrikson, in the first year that the Javelin Throw has been allowed for women competitors at an Olympiad, broke the world's record with a startling throw of 143ft. 4ins.

RESULTS.

The following were the results of yesterday's events as cabled by Reuter:—

10,000 METRES.
1. Kusokinski (Poland).
Time: 30 mins. 11.4/10 secs.
Olympic Record

PUTTING THE WEIGHT.
1. Sexton (U.S.A.)
Distance: 52 ft. 6.3/16 ins.
Olympic Record.

HIGH JUMP.
1. McNaughton (Canada).
Height: 6 ft. 5⅝ ins.

JAVELIN THROW (Women).
1. Mildrid Didrikson (U.S.A.)
Distance: 143 ft. 4 ins.
World record.

100 METRES.
1. Tolan (U.S.A.)
Time: 10.8/10 secs.
Olympic record and equals world record.

400 METRES HURDLES.
1. R. M. N. Tisdall (Ireland)
Time: 51.8/10 secs.
World record.

BASEBALL.

CARDINALS BEAT BRAVES.

PHILLIES HELD UNDER BY PIRATES.

YANKEES TRIUMPH.

New York, Yesterday.

The following were the results of to-day's Baseball games:

National League.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston Braves	2	7	1
St. Louis Cardinals	4	11	1
Philadelphia Phillies	0	23	2
Pittsburgh Pirates	5	11	1

American League.

Cleveland Indians	0	4	0
Philadelphia Athletics	1	5	0
Detroit Tigers	3	11	3
New York Yankees	6	12	0

—Reuter's American Service.

TABLES TO DATE.

National League.

	P.	W.	L.	Perc.
Pittsburgh	100	60	40	.600
Chicago	99	54	45	.545
Boston	100	51	49	.510
Philadelphia	104	53	51	.509
Brooklyn	101	49	52	.485
St. Louis	100	48	52	.480
New York	97	44	53	.453
Cincinnati	104	44	60	.423

American League.

New York	101	68	33	.673
Philadelphia	104	62	42	.596
Cleveland	101	57	44	.564
Washington	101	56	45	.554
Detroit	97	51	46	.525
St. Louis	92	39	53	.424
Chicago	97	33	64	.340
Boston	98	26	72	.265

EUROPEAN DRIVER CONVICTED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Replying further, the defendant said that with the road clear, it would be safe to cross Shaukiwan Road at 25 miles an hour.

Limit of Speed.

Sergeant Baker—Do you not consider that speed dangerous?

Defendant—If you have a clear view that is the limit you can go.

During further cross-examination, the defendant said—I am not only fighting Sergeant Baker in Court but also Inspector Alexander. . . .

Inspector Alexander—I am here to represent the Police.

Mr. G. L. Stanley Smith, a motor salesman, living at Gloucester Building, of two and-a-half years experience of driving in England and Shanghai, was called as a witness for the defence. He said that he had not driven locally but was acquainted with the road in question.

Defence Witness.

Asked for his opinion as to the greatest speed that a car could cross the side road without skidding, the witness replied—On a dry day, 35 miles an hour at the most, and on a rainy day, it could not possibly be more than 25 m.p.h.

Giving his decision, his Worship said that he could not believe that two seconds of clear sight to the west of Shaukiwan Road, was sufficient for even an expert driver.

OPIUM CARRIER CONVICTED.

Former Actor Draws Heavy Penalty.

A Chinese, who appeared before Mr. Schofield in the Central Police Court this morning, charged with the possession of 54 taels of opium, stated that he was formerly a member of a theatrical troupe, who visited Hong Kong.

R. O. Ward stated that the man arrived from Kongmoon on the steamer Yuet On yesterday. The opium was concealed in the false bottom of a cheaply made rattan basket.

His Worship imposed a fine of $5,000 or one year's hard labour in default.

MILITARY ADVISER LOSES PAPERS.

Attache Case Left In Rikisha.

The loss of an attache case, containing official papers and other sundries, which he left in a rikisha outside the Nam Ping Hotel, Connaught Road Central, in the early hours of this morning, has been reported to the Police by Mr. Lui Kung-man, Military Advisor to the Chinese Republic. Mr. Lui is living at the Nam Ping Hotel.

WAR NOW SEEMS INEVITABLE.

(Continued from Page 1.)

between outposts. Casualties have been few.

Neighbours' Intervene.

Santiago de Chile, To-day.

Argentine, Brazil and Chile are reported to have made a formal joint protest to the Governments of both Paraguay and Bolivia and urged that the hostilities between the two powers cease immediately.

The earlier attempts at intervention by these South American states were entirely abortive, and both the bellicose smaller nations treated the interference as an impertinence.

Now, however, the terms of the message to the warring nations is understood to be sharper. The "Entente" suggests neutral mediation and a provisional neutral zone in the disputed territory, and a settlement which will remove the cause of dissatisfaction between the quarrelling nations for all time. —Reuter.

9 Killed in Clash.

Lapazes, Later.

Eight or nine Bolivians and Paraguayans were killed in an engagement at Toledo.—Reuter.

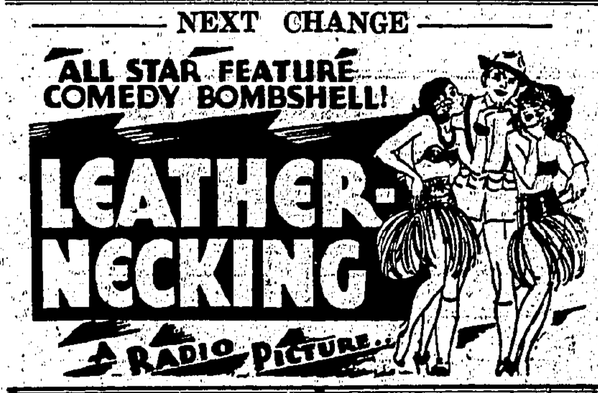
KILLED BY OWN INVENTION.

St. Louis, July 20.

John Hayes was a victim of his own ingenuity. He arranged a shotgun in his henhouse so that when thieves entered they would be automatically shot. Hayes tried out the invention to see if it would work. He was killed.

QUEEN'S THEATRE
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.
A NATIONAL EPIC OF NAVAL HEROISM
My friend, I do not ask for Men like these
A little dole, a little time at ease
Sir Francis Newbolt.

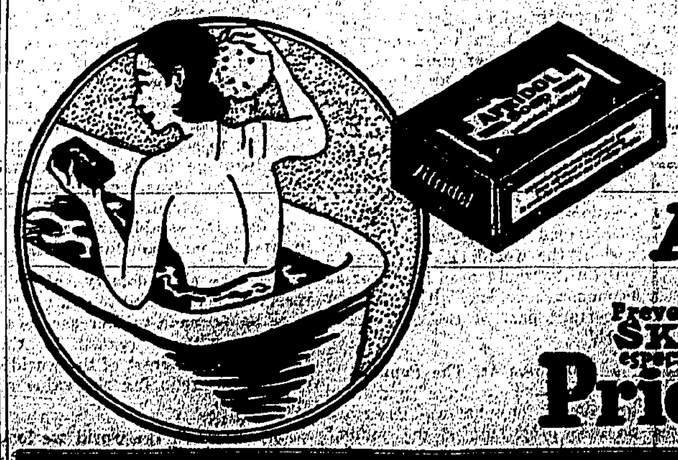
DEDICATED TO H.M. SUBMARINE SERVICE
A Masterpiece of Pictorial Realism.
A BRITISH INTERNATIONAL PICTURE
Also
LESLIE FULLER in
"OLD SOLDIERS NEVER DIE"
A Riotously Funny Army Comedy.

NEXT CHANGE
ALL STAR FEATURE COMEDY BOMBSHELL!


TO-DAY & TO-MORROW THE STAR At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.
THE TRAIL OF '98

with
DOLORES DEL RIO
Ralph FORBES
Karl DANE
Tenen HOLTZ
Directed by
CLARENCE BROWN

TO-DAY TO THURSDAY THE WORLD At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20 p.m.
KING OF THE WILD
Part II.


BAYER
Afridol-Soap"
Prevents and Cures
SKIN DISEASES
especially
Prickly Heat

Printed and published for the Proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise Limited, by DAVID CHRISTIAN WILSON, Manager, at 3a, Wyndham Street, Hong Kong.